# TOWN OF SEYMOUR, CONNECTICUT

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



For the Fiscal Year July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020

## TOWN OF SEYMOUR, CONNECTICUT

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

### **FOR**

## THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Prepared By:

THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT

DOUGLAS THOMAS, DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

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February 26, 2021

Annmarie Drugonis, First Selectwoman Members of the Board of Selectman Members of the Board of Finance Town of Seymour, Connecticut

Connecticut State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

RSM US LLP, Certified Public Accountants, has issued unmodified ("clean") opinions on the Town of Seymour, Connecticut's (the Town) financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### **Profile of the Town of Seymour**

The Town of Seymour was incorporated in 1850, named after Thomas H. Seymour, then Governor of the State of Connecticut. The Town covers an area of 14.7 square miles with the commercial and industrial areas along the Naugatuck River. Seymour is served directly by Connecticut Route 8, a major four-lane, limited-access highway which begins in Bridgeport at the Connecticut Turnpike (I-95) and runs north to Winsted, intersecting with I-84 in Waterbury.

The location of Seymour at the junction of Routes 8, 67, 115 and 313 provides ready access to the regional interstate highway system as well as Connecticut's major employment centers. Conrail provides freight rail service to and through the Town, and the expanded Metro North Commuter Rail Service provides frequent passenger trains to Bridgeport, Stamford and New York City. Regularly scheduled commercial air service, both passenger and freight, is available from Hartford's Bradley International Airport and the New York airports. These facilities are served through airport limousines, air freight, and trucking from Seymour.

The Town is contiguous to Fairfield County and within 20 minutes driving time of New Haven, Waterbury and Bridgeport, three of Connecticut's five largest cities.

#### **Economic**

The Town's key business areas include several small shopping centers, options for professional offices, a downtown historic district, and several sites designated for industry.

The Town has collaborated to promote industrial growth. The Town formed and worked closely with the Seymour Downtown Council to revitalize the Town's center. In the last several years, over \$1,000,000 in public and private funds have been spent to make downtown more attractive.

The 1,465-acre Silvermine Industrial Park was developed using a combination of local, state and federal funds and is now occupied by 12 companies, some of which have already expanded from their original size. Hubbell Industrial Park, immediately adjacent to the Silvermine complex, is being developed with private funds. This park contains 13 parcels on more than 66 acres and is close to capacity. Among the many companies located there, Thule/Eldon Group America and Basement Systems Incorporated have completed 25,000-square–foot expansions to their facilities. The Kerite Company, the Town's oldest employer, was acquired by Chicago-based Marmon Group in September 1999. Since that time, Kerite has invested significantly in diversifying its products beyond the traditional dependence upon the utility industrial market segment.

Haynes Construction Company constructed a headquarters on Progress Drive beyond Hubbell Park on a 7.9-acre parcel. The facility was constructed in 1995, and expanded in 2002. Haynes has built a 236-unit complex known as Meadow Brook Estates designed for active 55 and older individuals. The complex straddles the Oxford- Seymour border and has model homes available for tour. Fifty-five of the units are in Seymour.

Larry Janesky's Basement Systems ("Basement Systems") is located on 50 acres of land in the Seymour Industrial Park. Basement Systems has added 14,000 square feet of warehouse and has added 60,000 square feet of office and warehouse space in the past few years.

The Town is within easy commuting distance of large employment centers in Fairfield County, as well as employment found in the New Haven and Waterbury areas.

#### **Form of Government**

Under a charter adopted in 1971 and most recently amended in 1994, the Town of Seymour has a Town Meeting form of government with a seven-member Board of Selectmen. The First Selectman serves as the full-time chief executive officer of the Town. The Board of Finance is responsible for proposing annual budgets and special appropriations to the Town Meeting. There are a number of commissions and authorities established under the Charter, including the Economic Development Commission, Planning and Zoning Commission and Water Pollution Control Authority.

#### **Budget Process**

Town charter requires an annual general fund appropriation. All boards, commissions, officers and departments that are seeking an appropriation for the ensuring year file their request with the Board of Finance which forwards a copy to the Board of Selectman. The Board of Selectman calls an Annual Town Meeting to act on the proposed budget and set a mill rate for the ensuing fiscal year.

The enterprise fund prepares an annual budget each April. All other funds do require budgets; special revenue funds, internal service funds and capital funds.

#### **Long Term Financial Planning**

The Town updates its five-year capital plan every year, as part of the annual budget process. The 1<sup>st</sup> Selectman, with department directors, evaluates the condition of the town's buildings, infrastructure and equipment needs in order to identify and prioritize projects that will require funding outside of the regular operating budget. The updated capital plan is included in the Annual Operating and Capital Budget. Town Officials typically budget in the range of \$300,000 to \$500,000 annually for capital projects.

For the last 2 years' road reconstruction and maintenance has been and continues to be a top priority with Town Officials and the general public. May 2020 voters have approved by referendum, borrowing for road reconstruction and emergency communications for a total of \$6 million.

#### **Financial Policies**

The Town of Seymour has a Financial and accounting policy and procedures manual. The manual is reviewed annually.

#### **Budget Issues**

For the last four years the Town of Seymour has been able to keep our mil rate stable. Management has worked hard to keep costs down and implement efficiencies where possible. The fiscal year 2021 kept the mil rate steady for the fifth year in a row. The Town continues to fund road and building improvements along with a \$300,000 capital project budget. The school budget was funded with a 1.5% increase or \$512,371.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the hard work and dedication of the finance department staff. I would also like to thank RSM US LLP our independent auditors, for their guidance and many helpful comments and suggestions during the preparation of this report. And finally, special acknowledgment and appreciation goes to those who have contributed to the progressive and financially sound operations of the Town; that contribute, belongs to all Town Officials, Town Staff, and the Community.

Respectfully Submitted,

Anh Ilm

Douglas Thomas, CPA Finance Director

## TOWN OF SEYMOUR, CONNECTICUT

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2020

#### **BOARD OF SELECTMEN**

W. Kurt Miller, First Selectman Robert Findley Annmarie A. Drugonis Stephan Behuniak Rob Van Egghen Trish Danka Al Bruno

#### **BOARD OF FINANCE**

William Sawicki – Chairman Beverly Kennedy Kristan Hanewicz James Cretella Heather McDaniel John Stelma Richard Demko

#### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Edward Strumello – Chairman
Frederick Stanek
Kristen Harmeling
Jen Magri
James Garofalo
Jay Hatfield
Pete Kubik
Christopher Champagne
Edwards Hendricks



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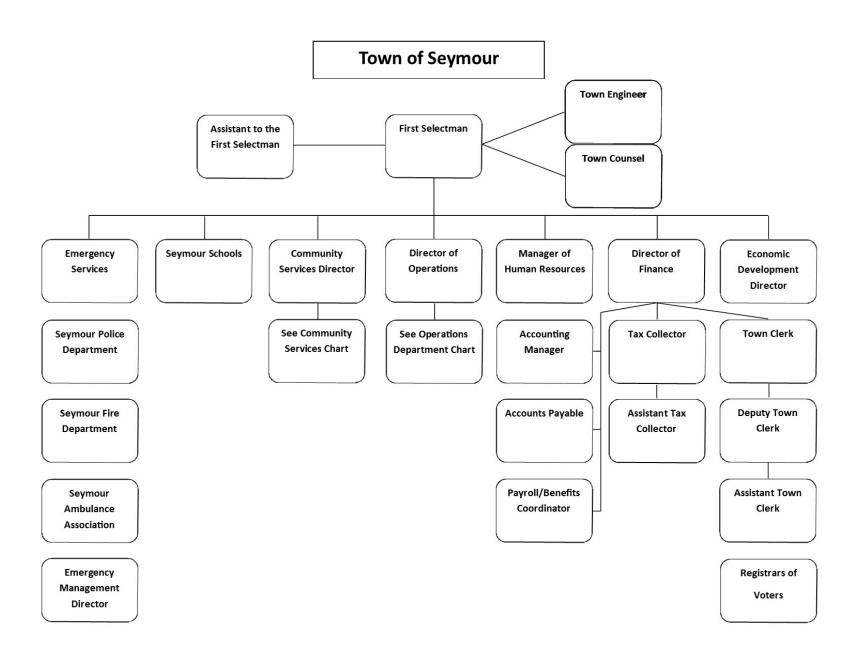
Town of Seymour Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

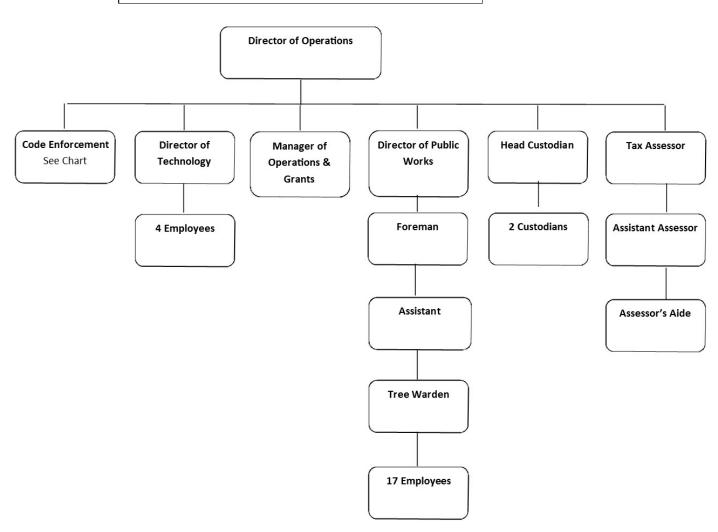
June 30, 2019

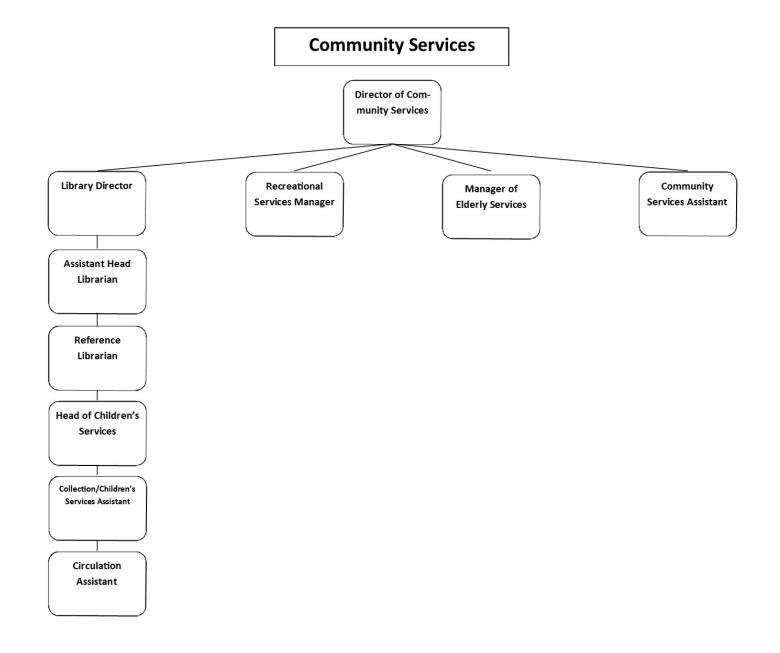
Executive Director/CEO

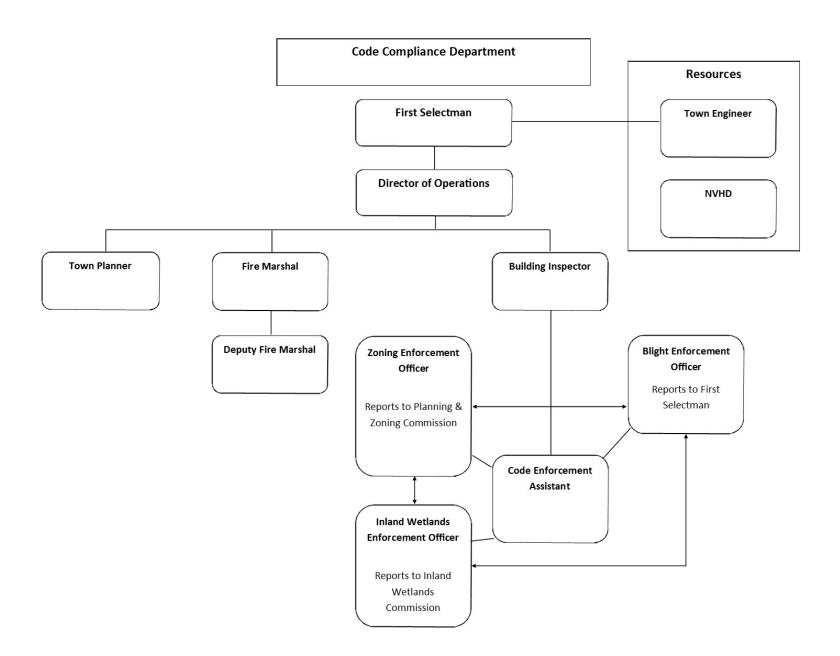
Christopher P. Morrill



## **Operations Department**







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RSM US LLP

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Finance Town of Seymour, Connecticut

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Seymour, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Seymour, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Seymour, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the General Fund budgetary schedule, the pension and OPEB related schedules, as listed in the table on contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Seymour, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 26, 2021 on our consideration of the Town of Seymour, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Seymour, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

New Haven, Connecticut February 26, 2021

## Town of Seymour, Connecticut Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited June 30, 2020

The management's discussion and analysis of the Town of Seymour, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance provides an overall review of the Town's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Town's financial performance as a whole: readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Town's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- The total net position of the Town decreased \$8,792,467. Net position of governmental activities decreased \$8,674,798 or 105 percent over 2019 and net position of business-type activities decreased \$117,669 or 1.6 percent over 2019. The decrease was primarily due to increased OPEB liability expense of \$12,010,071.
- The total deferred outflows of resources increased \$10,251,168. The increase was due mainly to OPEB liability assumption changes. The discount rate on OPEB liability present value was decreased from 3.5% to 2.21%, resulting in an increased liability of \$12,010,071.
- General revenues accounted for \$44,906,469 or 66 percent of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$22,862,438 or 34 percent of total governmental activities revenue.
- The Town had \$76,443,705 in expenses related to governmental activities: \$22,862,438 of these
  expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The
  remaining expenses of the governmental activities of \$53,581,267 were offset by general
  revenues (mainly by property taxes, unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$44,906,469.
- The general fund had revenues of \$61,635,414 in 2020. This represents an increase of \$2,787,353 from 2019 revenues. The expenditures of the General Fund, which totaled \$60,801,209 in 2020, increased \$2,868,706 from 2019.
- Net position for the business-type activities, which are made up of the Sewer Enterprise Fund, decreased in 2020 by \$117,669. This decrease in net position was less than the previous year's decrease of \$388,034. The operating expenses decreased \$16,488 and revenues increased \$253,877. Management is working to decrease expenses and raise user fees.
- In the General Fund, budgeted revenues came in \$434,504 less than budget and expenditures were \$717,266 less than final budget. Both revenues and expenditures less than budget were due to COVID 19 shut down starting March 16, 2020. All recreation, library and school actives were halted due to the pandemic. Other operations were also halted or curtailed due to the pandemic. The Town is monitoring the financial impact of the pandemic very closely and has postponed many projects, hiring and capital purchases.

#### **Using this Annual Financial Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to these statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Town as a financial whole, and entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the Town's finances and a longer-term view of those finances, fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Town's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

#### Reporting the Town as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the Town to provide programs and activities, the view of the Town as a whole looks at all financial transactions and informs the user how the Town financially performed during 2020. The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer these questions. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Town as a whole, the financial position of the Town has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Nonfinancial factors include the Town's property tax base, current property tax laws in Connecticut restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required community programs and other.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Town is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the Town's programs and services are reported here including public safety, education, street maintenance, capital improvements and general administration. These services are funded primarily by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.
- 2) Business-type activities These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Town's Sewer enterprise operations are reported here.

The Town's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

#### **Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Town's major funds. The Town uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Town's most significant funds. The analysis of the Town's major governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds begins on page 17.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the government funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The Town has segregated these funds into major funds and non-major funds. The Town's major governmental fund is the General Fund. Information for major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The Town maintains one proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer operations. The Town's enterprise fund is considered a major fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Agency funds and pension trust funds are the Town's only fiduciary funds types. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 24-25 of this report.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 26-62 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The table below provides a summary of the Town's net position for 2020 and 2019.

### TOWN OF SEYMOUR, CONNECTICUT CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

	Governmen	Governmental Activities		Business-T	ype A	Activities	Total	
	2020	2019		2020		2019	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 24,419,890	\$ 22,662,297	\$	2,476,572	\$	2,400,237	\$ 26,896,462	\$ 25,062,534
Capital assets	96,836,506	96,299,892		4,810,956		4,995,755	101,647,462	101,295,647
Total assets	121,256,396	118,962,189		7,287,528		7,395,992	128,543,924	126,358,181
Deferred outflows of resources	24,252,088	14,000,920		-		-	24,252,088	14,000,920
Current liabilities	7,802,465	8,094,909		13,077		3,872	7,815,542	8,098,781
Noncurrent liabilities	132,736,995	114,711,560		-		-	132,736,995	114,711,560
Total liabilities	140,539,460	122,806,469		13,077		3,872	140,552,537	122,810,341
Deferred inflows of resources	5,382,008	1,894,826		-		-	5,382,008	1,894,826
Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital								
assets	50,622,749	54,911,714		4,810,956		4,995,755	55,433,705	59,907,469
Restricted	238,601	406,019		-		-	238,601	406,019
Unrestricted	(51,274,334)	(47,055,919)		2,463,495		2,396,365	(48,810,839)	(44,659,554)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (412,984)	\$ 8,261,814	\$	7,274,451	\$	7,392,120	\$ 6,861,467	\$ 15,653,934

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2020, the Town assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$6,861,467. At year-end, net position (deficit) was \$(412,984) and \$7,274,451 for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, respectively.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the Town's net position. At year-end capital assets represented 80 percent of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2020, were \$50,622,749 and \$4,810,956 in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

In the governmental activities, the remaining balance is an unrestricted net deficit of \$(51,274,334).

The table below shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2020 and 2019.

### TOWN OF SEYMOUR, CONNECTICUT CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		ntal Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,726,782	\$ 2,716,430	\$ 2,193,601	\$ 1,940,926	\$ 3,920,383	\$ 4,657,356
Operating grants and						
contributions	20,894,972	16,266,743	-	-	20,894,972	16,266,743
Capital grants and						
contributions	240,684	1,859,068	-	-	240,684	1,859,068
General revenues:						
Property taxes	44,459,717	43,839,583	-	-	44,459,717	43,839,583
Grants and contributions not						
restricted to specific						
programs	73,845	120,176	-	-	73,845	120,176
Investment income	152,950	196,957	13,985	19,743	166,935	216,700
Miscellaneous revenue	219,957	300,125	6,960		226,917	300,125
Total revenues	67,768,907	65,299,082	2,214,546	1,960,669	69,983,453	67,259,751
Expenses						
General government	4,877,645	5,223,581	-	-	4,877,645	5,223,581
Public Safety	11,940,677	11,224,520	-	-	11,940,677	11,224,520
Public Works	5,737,142	6,957,400	-	-	5,737,142	6,957,400
Recreation and Culture	1,056,727	1,101,761	-	-	1,056,727	1,101,761
Sanitation	1,408,112	1,499,158	-	-	1,408,112	1,499,158
Board of Education	49,528,161	47,955,481	-	-	49,528,161	47,955,481
Interest on long-term debt	1,895,241	1,192,494	-	-	1,895,241	1,192,494
Water		-	2,332,215	2,348,703	2,332,215	2,348,703
Total expenses	76,443,705	75,154,395	2,332,215	2,348,703	78,775,920	77,503,098
Change in net position	(8,674,798)	(9,855,313)	(117,669)	(388,034)	(8,792,467)	(10,243,347)
Net Position - July 1	8,261,814	18,117,127	7,392,120	7,780,154	15,653,934	25,897,281
Net Position (Deficit)- June 30	\$ (412,984)	\$ 8,261,814	\$ 7,274,451	\$ 7,392,120	\$ 6,861,467	\$ 15,653,934

#### **Governmental Activities**

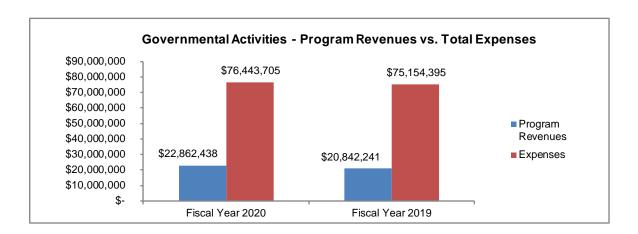
Governmental activities net position decreased \$8,674,798 in 2020. The decrease was due to increases in OPEB liability related expenses caused by changes in actuarial assumptions.

Education accounted for \$49,528,161 of the total expenses of the Town. These expenses were partially funded by \$20,211,426 in state and federal grants.

The state and federal government contributed to the Town a total of \$20,894,972 in operating grants and contributions, which is an increase of \$4,628,229 which is due to decreases in state funding of education cost sharing grant.

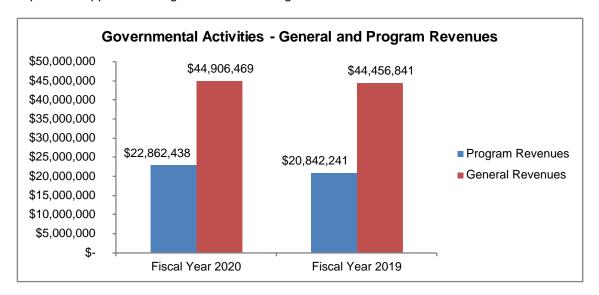
General revenues totaled \$44,906,469 and amount to 66 percent of total governmental revenues. These revenues primarily consist of property tax revenue of \$44,459,717. The other primary source of general revenues is grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, making up \$73,845.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table show, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements to support its governmental activities.



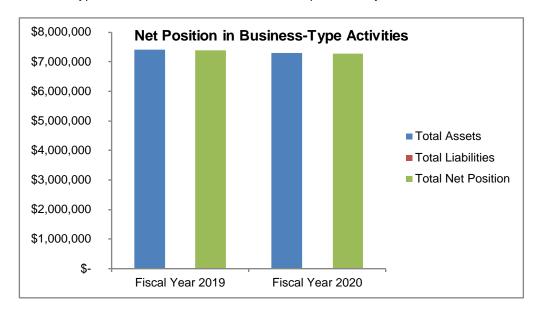
		Governmental Activities					
	2020	2019	2020	2019			
	Total Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Net Cost of			
	Services	Services	Services	Services			
Program Expenses							
General government	\$ 4,877,645	\$ 5,223,581	\$ 4,067,839	\$ 4,229,945			
Public safety	11,940,677	11,224,520	11,505,745	10,344,739			
Public works	5,737,142	6,957,400	4,752,045	3,922,126			
Recreation and culture	1,056,727	1,101,761	1,013,378	1,101,761			
Sanitation	1,408,112	1,499,158	1,408,112	1,499,158			
Education	49,528,161	47,955,481	28,938,907	32,021,931			
Interest on long-term debt	1,895,241	1,192,494	1,895,241	1,192,494			
Total expenses	\$ 76,443,705	\$ 75,154,395	\$ 53,581,267	\$ 54,312,154			

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, with 58 percent of expenses supported through taxes and other general revenues.



#### **Business-Type Activities**

Business-Type activities include the Town's Sewer enterprise. This enterprise had operating revenues of \$2,214,546 and operating expense of \$2,332,215 for the fiscal year 2020. The graph below shows the business-type activities' assets, liabilities and net position at year-end 2020 and 2019.



#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at year-end.

The Town's governmental funds, as presented on the balance sheet on pages 17-18, reported a combined fund balance of \$14,006,902 which is \$2,861,157 more than last year's total of \$11,145,745. The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of June 30, 2020 for all major and non-major governmental funds.

The Energy Performance Project Fund is a 10-year capital lease that will pay for its implementation of energy efficient lighting, HVAC equipment, water conservation and miscellaneous electric load reduction equipment. The energy savings from these projects is projected and guarantee, by contract, to pay for the lease over 10 years. The project is part of the Other Governmental funds.

The Roads Project fund is a \$5,000,000 bond for road improvements. The bonds were issued in May 26, 2020 and expenditures for the project are expected to be expending FY 2021 and FY 2022.

The other governmental funds are various special revenue funds, capital project funds and debt service fund.

	Fund Balances June 30, 2020		Fund Balances June 30, 2019		Increase (Decrease)	
General Fund Road Projects	\$	2,645,517 5,099,321	\$	2,834,078 440,108	\$	(188,561) 4,659,213
Other Governmental Funds  Total	\$	6,262,064 14,006,902	\$	7,871,559 11,145,745	\$	(1,609,495) 2,861,157

#### **General Fund**

The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the General Fund.

	2020 Amount		2019 Amount	Percentage Change	
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	44,004,314	\$ 43,850,072	0.35%	
Interest and lien fees		304,319	322,759	-5.71%	
Intergovernmental		16,117,585	13,217,792	21.94%	
Investment income		91,597	116,999	-21.71%	
Permits, fees and other		980,679	1,178,095	-16.76%	
Other revenues		136,920	162,344	-15.66%	
Total	\$	61,635,414	\$ 58,848,061	4.74%	

Tax revenue represents 71 percent of all General Fund revenue. Tax revenue increased by 0.35 percent over prior year. Tax increase was due to a tax assessment increase of 0.53 percent and positive tax collections. Intergovernmental revenue increased \$2,899,783 due to state education grant increases. The interest and lien fees decreased \$18,440, investment income decreased \$25,402, Permit, fees and other decreased \$197,416, and other revenues increased \$25,424 for a net increase of \$2,787,353.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the General Fund.

	2020		2019	Percentage	
	 Amount		Amount	Change	
Expenditures:					
General government	\$ 3,566,669	\$	3,571,269	-0.13%	
Public safety	7,831,160		7,403,079	5.78%	
Public works	2,929,235		2,926,769	0.08%	
Sanitation	1,326,492		1,381,163	-3.96%	
Sundry	3,039,378		3,036,748	0.09%	
Board of Education	38,616,146		35,906,834	7.55%	
Debt service	3,306,617		3,365,392	-1.75%	
Capital outlay	 185,512		341,249	-45.64%	
Total	\$ 60,801,209	\$	57,932,503	4.95%	

All expenditures remained comparable to 2019 overall. The expenditure increases for General government and Board of Education are due to contractual union agreements. Capital outlay decrease of \$155,737 is due to COVID 19 shut down in the spring when many of our capital expenditures are completed.

**Proprietary Funds.** The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, except in more detail. The only difference between the amounts reported as business-type activities and the amounts reported in the proprietary fund statements are inter-fund eliminations between proprietary funds and internal balances due to governmental activities for internal service activities. The only inter-fund activity, reported in the government-wide statements, are those between business-type activities and governmental activities (reported as internal balances and transfers) whereas inter-fund amounts between various enterprise funds are reported in the proprietary funds statements.

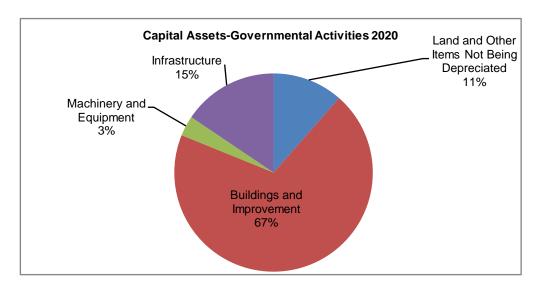
#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

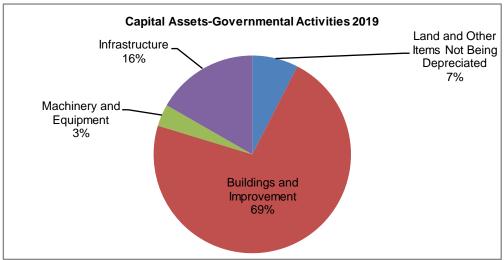
**Capital Assets.** At the end of fiscal year 2020, the Town had \$96,836,506 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure and construction in progress. The following table shows fiscal year 2020 balances compared to fiscal year 2019 balances. See Note 2 for more information on Capital Assets.

## Capital Assets at June 30, 2020 and 2019 (Net of Depreciation)

 2020		2019
\$ 11,121,022	\$	7,275,441
67,465,335		69,465,829
3,182,613		3,453,113
15,067,536		16,105,509
\$ 96,836,506	\$	96,299,892
	\$ 11,121,022 67,465,335 3,182,613 15,067,536	\$ 11,121,022 \$ 67,465,335 3,182,613 15,067,536

The Town's largest capital asset category is Buildings which includes all the Town's buildings and schools (High School, Middle School, two elementary schools). The net book value of the Town's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 15 percent of the Town's total governmental capital assets. For more detail on capital assets please see notes in the financial statements starting on page 39.





#### **Debt Administration**

The Town issued \$6,060,000 on May 26, 2020. The bonds will finance road improvements of \$5,000,000 and emergency communications replacement and upgrades of \$1,400,000. Additionally, the Town refunded \$3,940,000 due to favorable interest rates. The Town also entered into an energy performance project capital lease for \$8,807,016. The contract comes with a contractual guaranteed cost avoidance equal to the project cost and interest expense. This will be possible with savings from installation of energy saving equipment such as solar panel, lighting and HVAC replacements throughout Town buildings and schools. The project is scheduled to be completed in the spring of 2021. See Note 2 for more information on Debt.

	Governmental Activities				
		2020		2019	
Retirement liability	\$	293,490	\$	395,266	
Bonds, capital leases, claims and contracts		55,846,200		50,244,518	
Net OPEB liability		57,413,353		45,403,282	
Net pension liability		18,202,537		18,391,149	
Compensated absences		3,907,627		3,647,860	
Total	\$	135,663,207	\$	118,082,075	

#### **Current events:**

Starting March 15, 2020 the Town of Seymour shut down all public buildings, due to COVID. There were no layoffs, but remote work implemented. In July of 2020 limited access to public buildings began and continue to this date (February 23, 2021). Schools opened with remote learning in the fall of 2020. Classroom learning has resumed as of January 19, 2021. The Town of Seymour and Board of Education have received Corona Virus Relief Funds in fiscal year 2021 in the amount of \$167,000 and \$1,200,000 respectively.

#### **Contacting the Town's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the Finance Director at 1 First Street, Seymour, Connecticut 06483.

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Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit I

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Cash and cash equivalents   \$17,015,409   \$1,447,840   \$18,463,22     Investments   \$130,515   \$1,447,840   \$18,463,22     Investments   \$130,515   \$1,447,840   \$18,463,22     Investments   \$130,515   \$1,447,840   \$18,663,22     Investments   \$130,515   \$1,447,840   \$18,663,22     Investments   \$130,515   \$1,447,840   \$18,663,22     Investments   \$130,515   \$1,447,840   \$18,663,22     Investments   \$130,515   \$1,028,732   \$2,066,042     Accounts and other receivable, net   \$1,912,103   \$1,028,732   \$2,940,85     Accounts and other receivables, net   \$1,912,103   \$1,028,732   \$2,940,85     Inventories   \$10,346   \$1,028,732   \$2,940,85     Inventories   \$10,346   \$1,028,732   \$2,940,85     Inventories   \$10,346   \$1,028,732   \$2,940,85     Restricted cash   \$2,214,849   \$1,056   \$2,214,84     Capital assets, nondepreciable   \$11,121,022   \$1,121,05     Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation   \$85,715,484   \$4,810,956   \$9,526,44     Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation   \$85,715,484   \$4,810,956   \$9,526,44     Total assets   \$9,107,805   \$7,287,528   \$128,543,92        Deferred outflows of resources:      Deferred pension expense   \$9,107,805   \$7,287,528   \$128,543,92        Deferred charges on refunding   \$1,463,974   \$1,463,974   \$1,463,974        Total deferred outflows of resources   \$9,107,805   \$13,077   \$4,286,65        Deferred charges on refunding   \$1,463,974   \$1,463,974   \$1,463,974        Total deferred outflows of resources   \$9,87,18   \$1,97,18        Accrued liabilities   \$2,96,212   \$1,925,420        Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year   \$2,96,212   \$1,925,420        Deferred chillows of resources:      Deferred inflows of resources:      Deferred inflows of resources:      Deferred dinflows of resources:      Deferred pension credit   \$1,925,420   \$1,925,420        Deferred OPEB credit   \$3,456,588   \$1,925,420        Deferred OPEB credit   \$1,925,420   \$1,925,420        Deferred OPEB credit   \$1,925,420   \$1,925,420        Deferred OPEB credit   \$1,925,420   \$1,			Prima	ary Government	
Assets         Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 17,015,409         \$ 1,447,840         \$ 18,463,24           Investments         130,515         - 2,066,042         - 2,214,043         - 2,214,049         - 2,214,049         - 2,44,049         - 3,229,048         - 2,214,849         - 2,214,849         - 2,214,849         - 2,214,844         - 2,21		Governmental		•	
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 17,015,409         \$ 1,447,840         \$ 18,463,24           Investments         130,515         -         2066,042           Property taxes receivable, net         2,066,042         -         2,066,042           Intergovernmental receivable         135,218         -         2,066,042           Accounts and other receivables, net         1,192,103         1,028,732         2,940,85           Due from fiduciary funds         5,458         -         5,48           Inventories         10,336         -         10,32           Prepaids         929,950         -         929,95           Restricted cash         2,214,849         -         2,214,86           Capital assets, nondepreciable         11,121,022         -         11,121,02           Capital assets, not of accumulated depreciation         85,715,484         4,810,956         90,526,44           Total assets         -         10,260,306         7,287,528         128,433,20           Deferred outflows of resources:         -         9,107,805         -         9,107,80           Deferred pension expense         9,107,805         -         9,107,80           Deferred pension resources:         -         1,463,97		Activities		Activities	Total
Investments   130.515   - 130.515   - 130.515     Property taxes receivable, net   2.066.042   - 2.066.042   - 2.066.042   - 3	Assets				
Properly taxes receivable, net Integrovernmental receivable (Integrovernmental receivable)         135,218         - 2,066,04           Integrovernmental receivables, net (Integrovernmental receivables, net (Integro	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,015,409	\$	1,447,840 \$	18,463,249
Intergovernmental receivable	Investments	130,515		-	130,515
Accounts and other receivables, net         1,912,103         1,028,732         2,940,83           Due from fiduciary funds         5,458         -         5,44           Inventories         10,346         -         10,33           Prepaids         929,950         -         929,95           Restricted cash         2,214,849         -         2,214,84           Capital assets, nondepreciable         11,121,022         -         11,121,022           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         85,715,484         4,810,956         90,526,44           Total assets         9,107,805         7,287,528         128,543,93           Deferred outflows of resources:         9,107,805         -         9,107,80           Deferred Pension expense         9,107,805         -         9,107,80           Deferred OPEB expense         13,680,309         -         13,680,30           Deferred charges on refunding         1,463,974         -         1,463,97           Total deferred outflows of resources         238,694         -         238,64           Accounts payable         4,255,605         13,077         4,268,66           Accrued interest payable         283,234         -         283,23           Uneamed reven				-	2,066,042
Due from fiduciary funds         5,458         -         5,458           Inventories         10,346         -         10,399           Prepaids         929,950         -         929,950           Restricted cash         2,214,849         -         2,214,84           Capital assets, nondepreciable         11,121,022         -         11,121,02           Capital assets, not of accumulated depreciation         85,715,484         4,810,956         9,526,44           Total assets         121,256,396         7,287,528         128,543,92           Deferred outflows of resources:         -         9,107,805         -         9,107,805           Deferred charges on refunding         1463,974         -         1,463,974           Deferred charges on refunding         1,463,974         -         1,463,974           Total deferred outflows of resources         24,252,088         -         24,252,08           Liabilities           Accounts payable         4,255,605         13,077         4,268,68           Accrued liabilities         238,694         1,307         4,268,68           Accrued interest payable         283,236         -         283,23           Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year         2,926,21 <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>135,218</td>		•		-	135,218
Inventories         10,346         -         10,346           Prepaids         929,950         -         929,950           Restricted cash         2,214,849         -         2,214,84           Capital assets, nondepreciable         11,121,022         -         11,121,02           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         85,715,484         4,810,956         90,526,44           Total assets         121,256,396         7,287,528         128,543,92           Deferred outflows of resources:         -         9,107,805         -         9,107,80           Deferred OPEB expense         9,107,805         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         13,680,30         -         13,680,30         -         13,680,30         -	·			1,028,732	2,940,835
Prepaids         929,950         -         929,95           Restricted cash         2,214,849         -         2,214,8           Capital assets, nondepreciable         11,121,022         -         -         11,121,02           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         85,715,484         4,810,956         90,526,44           Total assets         121,256,396         7,287,528         128,543,92           Deferred outflows of resources:         -         9,107,805         -         9,107,80           Deferred PEB expense         13,680,309         -         13,680,30           Deferred carges on refunding         1,463,974         -         1,463,97           Total deferred outflows of resources         24,252,088         -         24,252,08           Liabilities           Accounts payable         4,255,605         13,077         4,268,68           Accounts payable         4,255,605         13,077         4,268,68           Accounts payable         4,283,236         -         283,236           Accounts payable within one year         98,718         -         98,71           Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year         2,96,212         -         2,926,21<	•	-		-	5,458
Restricted cash         2,214,849         -         2,214,84           Capital assets, nondepreciable         11,121,022         -         11,121,02           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         85,715,844         4,810,956         90,252,44           Total assets         121,256,396         7,287,528         128,543,92           Deferred outflows of resources:         ****         *****         *****           Deferred Pension expense         9,107,805         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         9,107,80         -         13,680,30         -         13,680,30         -         1,463,97         -         1,463,97         -         1,463,97         -         1,463,97         -         1,463,97         -         1,463,97         -         1,463,97         -         1,463,97         -         1,463,97         -         1,307         4,268,68         -         2,286,67         -         2,286,67         -         2,286,67         -		-		-	10,346
Capital assets, nondepreciable         11,121,022         -         11,121,02           Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         85,715,484         4,810,956         90,526,44           Total assets         121,256,396         7,287,528         128,543,92           Deferred outflows of resources:         Section of PEB expense         9,107,805         -         9,107,80           Deferred Charges on refunding         1,463,974         -         1,463,97           Total deferred outflows of resources         24,252,088         -         24,252,08           Liabilities         238,694         -         238,694           Accrued liabilities         238,694         -         283,22           Unearned revenue         98,718         -         98,71           Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year         132,736,995         -         132,736,99           Total liabilities         140,539,460         13,077         14,052,52           Deferred pension credit         1,925,420         -         132,736,99           Total liabilities         1,925,420         -         1,925,42           Deferred pension credit         1,925,420         -         1,925,42           Deferred pension credit         1,925,420         -	•	•		-	929,950
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation         85,715,484         4,810,956         90,526,44           Total assets         121,256,396         7,287,528         128,543,93           Deferred outflows of resources:         Section of the properties of the prop				-	2,214,849
Total assets         121,256,396         7,287,528         128,543,92           Deferred outflows of resources:         Deferred pension expense         9,107,805         -         9,107,80           Deferred OPEB expense         13,680,309         -         13,680,30           Deferred charges on refunding         1,463,974         -         1,463,97           Total deferred outflows of resources         24,252,088         -         24,252,08           Liabilities           Accounts payable         4,255,605         13,077         4,268,68           Accrued interest payable         283,236         -         283,23           Accrued interest payable         98,718         -         98,71           Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year         9,26,212         -         2,926,21           Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year         132,736,995         -         132,736,995           Total liabilities         140,539,460         13,077         140,552,53           Deferred pension credit         1,925,420         -         1,925,42           Deferred DPEB credit         3,456,588         -         3,456,58           Total deferred inflows of resources         5,382,008         -         5,382,00				-	11,121,022
Deferred outflows of resources:   Deferred pension expense   9,107,805   - 9,107,805     Deferred OPEB expense   13,680,309   - 13,680,30     Deferred charges on refunding   1,463,974   - 1,463,97     Total deferred outflows of resources   24,252,088   - 24,252,08     Liabilities					
Deferred pension expense         9,107,805         -         9,107,805           Deferred OPEB expense         13,680,309         -         13,680,30           Deferred charges on refunding         1,463,974         -         1,463,97           Total deferred outflows of resources         24,252,088         -         24,252,08           Liabilities           Accounts payable         4,255,605         13,077         4,268,68           Accrued liabilities         238,694         -         283,23           Accrued interest payable         283,236         -         283,23           Unearned revenue         98,718         -         98,71           Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year         2,926,212         -         2,926,21           Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year         132,736,995         -         132,736,995           Total liabilities         140,539,460         13,077         140,552,53           Deferred pension credit         1,925,420         -         1,925,42           Deferred pension credit         1,925,420         -         1,925,42           Deferred OPEB credit         3,456,538         -         3,456,538           Total deferred inflows of resources         5,382,008 <td>Total assets</td> <td> 121,256,396</td> <td></td> <td>7,287,528</td> <td>128,543,924</td>	Total assets	 121,256,396		7,287,528	128,543,924
Deferred OPEB expense   13,680,309   - 13,680,309   Deferred charges on refunding   1,463,974   - 1,463,974   Total deferred outflows of resources   24,252,088   - 24,252,088   Deferred charges on refunding   Total deferred outflows of resources   24,252,088   - 24,252,088   Deferred charges on refunding   Deferred charges	Deferred outflows of resources:				
Deferred charges on refunding   1,463,974   - 1,463,976   24,252,088   - 24,252	Deferred pension expense	9,107,805		-	9,107,805
Total deferred outflows of resources         24,252,088         -         24,252,088           Liabilities         24,252,088         -         24,252,088           Accounts payable         4,255,605         13,077         4,268,68           Accrued liabilities         238,694         -         238,68           Accrued interest payable         283,236         -         283,23           Unearned revenue         98,718         -         98,71           Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year         2,926,212         -         2,926,21           Noncurrent liabilities         132,736,995         -         132,736,995           Total liabilities         140,539,460         13,077         140,552,53           Deferred inflows of resources:         Deferred pension credit         1,925,420         -         1,925,42           Deferred OPEB credit         1,925,420         -         1,925,42           Total deferred inflows of resources         5,382,008         -         5,382,00           Net position (deficit):         Net investment in capital assets         50,622,749         4,810,956         55,433,70           Net investment in capital assets         50,622,749         4,810,956         55,433,70           Net pos	Deferred OPEB expense	13,680,309		-	13,680,309
Accounts payable	Deferred charges on refunding	 1,463,974		=	1,463,974
Accounts payable       4,255,605       13,077       4,268,666         Accrued liabilities       238,694       -       238,696         Accrued interest payable       283,236       -       283,236         Unearned revenue       98,718       -       98,71         Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year       2,926,212       -       2,926,21         Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year       132,736,995       -       132,736,995         Total liabilities       140,539,460       13,077       140,552,53         Deferred pension credit       1,925,420       -       1,925,42         Deferred OPEB credit       3,456,588       -       3,456,58         Total deferred inflows of resources       5,382,008       -       5,382,00         Net position (deficit):       State of the position of	Total deferred outflows of resources	24,252,088		-	24,252,088
Accrued liabilities 233,694 - 233,694 - 233,694  Accrued interest payable 283,236 - 283,236  Unearned revenue 98,718 - 98,71  Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year 2,926,212 - 2,926,21  Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year 132,736,995 - 132,736,995  Total liabilities 140,539,460 13,077 140,552,53  Deferred inflows of resources:  Deferred OPEB credit 1,925,420 - 1,925,420  Deferred OPEB credit 3,456,588 - 3,456,588  Total deferred inflows of resources 5,382,008 - 5,382,008  Net position (deficit):  Net investment in capital assets 50,622,749 4,810,956 55,433,700  Restricted  Nonexpendable 10,346 - 10,346  Operating grants 228,255 - 228,255	Liabilities				
Accrued interest payable 283,236 - 283,236 - 98,718 - 98,718 - 98,718 - 98,718 - 98,718 - 98,718 - 2,926,212 - 2,926,212 - 2,926,212 - 132,736,995 - 132,736	Accounts payable	4,255,605		13,077	4,268,682
Unearned revenue         98,718         -         98,71           Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year         2,926,212         -         2,926,21           Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year         132,736,995         -         132,736,995           Total liabilities         140,539,460         13,077         140,552,53           Deferred inflows of resources:         -         1,925,420         -         1,925,42           Deferred OPEB credit         3,456,588         -         3,456,58           Total deferred inflows of resources         5,382,008         -         5,382,00           Net position (deficit):         -         4,810,956         55,433,70           Restricted         -         10,346         -         10,34           Operating grants         228,255         -         228,25	Accrued liabilities	238,694		=	238,694
Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year       2,926,212       -       2,926,21         Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year       132,736,995       -       132,736,95         Total liabilities       140,539,460       13,077       140,552,53         Deferred inflows of resources:         Deferred OPEB credit       1,925,420       -       1,925,42         Deferred OPEB credit       3,456,588       -       3,456,58         Total deferred inflows of resources       5,382,008       -       5,382,008         Net position (deficit):       Sestricted       4,810,956       55,433,70         Restricted       10,346       -       10,34         Operating grants       228,255       -       228,255	Accrued interest payable	283,236		=	283,236
Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year Total liabilities   132,736,995   - 132,736,995   140,552,53   140,539,460   13,077   140,552,53   140,552,53   140,539,460   13,077   140,552,53   140,552,53   140,539,460   13,077   140,552,53   140,552,53   140,539,460   13,077   140,552,53   140,552,53   140,552,53   140,539,460   1,925,420   - 1,925,420   - 1,925,420   1,925,420   - 1,925,420   1,925,420	Unearned revenue	98,718		=	98,718
Total liabilities         140,539,460         13,077         140,552,53           Deferred inflows of resources:         Deferred pension credit         1,925,420         -         1,925,42           Deferred OPEB credit         3,456,588         -         3,456,58           Total deferred inflows of resources         5,382,008         -         5,382,00           Net position (deficit):         Net investment in capital assets         50,622,749         4,810,956         55,433,70           Restricted         Nonexpendable         10,346         -         10,34           Operating grants         228,255         -         228,25	Noncurrent liabilities, due within one year	2,926,212		-	2,926,212
Deferred inflows of resources:   Deferred pension credit	Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year	132,736,995		-	132,736,995
Deferred pension credit         1,925,420         -         1,925,42           Deferred OPEB credit         3,456,588         -         3,456,58           Total deferred inflows of resources         5,382,008         -         5,382,00           Net position (deficit):         Net investment in capital assets         50,622,749         4,810,956         55,433,70           Restricted         Nonexpendable         10,346         -         10,34           Operating grants         228,255         -         228,25	Total liabilities	140,539,460		13,077	140,552,537
Deferred OPEB credit         3,456,588         -         3,456,58           Total deferred inflows of resources         5,382,008         -         5,382,00           Net position (deficit):         Net investment in capital assets         50,622,749         4,810,956         55,433,70           Restricted         Nonexpendable         10,346         -         10,34           Operating grants         228,255         -         228,25	Deferred inflows of resources:				
Total deferred inflows of resources         5,382,008         -         5,382,008           Net position (deficit):         Net investment in capital assets           Net investment in capital assets         50,622,749         4,810,956         55,433,70           Restricted         Nonexpendable         -         10,346         -         10,34           Operating grants         228,255         -         228,25	Deferred pension credit	1,925,420		-	1,925,420
Total deferred inflows of resources         5,382,008         -         5,382,008           Net position (deficit):         Net investment in capital assets           Net investment in capital assets         50,622,749         4,810,956         55,433,70           Restricted         Nonexpendable         -         10,346         -         10,34           Operating grants         228,255         -         228,25	Deferred OPEB credit	3,456,588		-	3,456,588
Net investment in capital assets       50,622,749       4,810,956       55,433,70         Restricted       Nonexpendable       10,346       -       10,34         Operating grants       228,255       -       228,25	Total deferred inflows of resources			-	5,382,008
Net investment in capital assets       50,622,749       4,810,956       55,433,70         Restricted       Nonexpendable       10,346       -       10,34         Operating grants       228,255       -       228,25	Net position (deficit):				
Restricted       10,346       -       10,34         Operating grants       228,255       -       228,25	, , ,	50,622.749		4,810.956	55,433,705
Nonexpendable         10,346         -         10,34           Operating grants         228,255         -         228,25		,,		,,	,,
Operating grants 228,255 - 228,25		10,346		-	10,346
				-	228,255
				2,463,495	(48,810,839)
<b>Total net position (deficit)</b> _\$ (412,984) \$ 7,274,451 \$ 6,861,46	Total net position (deficit)	\$ (412,984)	\$	7,274,451 \$	6,861,467

Town of Seymour, Connecticut Exhibit II

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Pro	gram Revenue	s		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Positi					Net Position
					Operating		Capital						
		(	Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	(	Governmental	В	Business-type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	(	Contributions	С	ontributions	Activities			Activities		Total
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$ (4,877,645)	\$	768,098	\$	41,708	\$	-	\$	(4,067,839)	\$	-	\$	(4,067,839)
Public safety	(11,940,677)		371,598		63,334		-		(11,505,745)		-		(11,505,745)
Public works	(5,737,142)		165,909		578,504		240,684		(4,752,045)		-		(4,752,045)
Recreation and culture	(1,056,727)		43,349		-		-		(1,013,378)		-		(1,013,378)
Sanitation	(1,408,112)		-		-		-		(1,408,112)		-		(1,408,112)
Board of education	(49,528,161)		377,828		20,211,426		-		(28,938,907)		-		(28,938,907)
Interest on long-term debt	(1,895,241)		=		-		-		(1,895,241)		-		(1,895,241)
Total governmental activities	(76,443,705)		1,726,782		20,894,972		240,684		(53,581,267)		-		(53,581,267)
Business-type activities:													
Sewer fund	(2,332,215)		2,193,601		-		-		-		(138,614)		(138,614)
Total business-type activities	(2,332,215)		2,193,601		-		-		-		(138,614)		(138,614)
Total primary government	\$ (78,775,920)	\$	3,920,383	\$	20,894,972	\$	240,684		(53,581,267)		(138,614)		(53,719,881)
		Ge	neral revenue	s:									
				-	rest and lien fe				44,459,717		-		44,459,717
		(	Grants and cor Specific pro		itions not restri	cted to	0		73,845		_		73,845
		1	nvestment ear						152,950		13,985		166,935
			/liscellaneous	_	•				219,957		6,960		226,917
			Total genera		venues				44,906,469		20,945		44,927,414
			Change in n	et p	osition				(8,674,798)		(117,669)		(8,792,467)
			Net position	ı, be	ginning of yea	r			8,261,814		7,392,120		15,653,934
			Net position	ı (de	ficit), end of ye	ear		\$	(412,984)	\$	7,274,451	\$	6,861,467

Exhibit III

# Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General	Road Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		G	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,758,047	\$ 5,116,971	\$	7,156,075	\$	18,031,093
Investments	-	-		130,515		130,515
Receivables, net:						
Property taxes	2,066,042	-		-		2,066,042
Intergovernmental	_	_		135,218		135,218
Accounts and other	1,706,218	_		205,885		1,912,103
Due from other funds	880,175	_		1,096,110		1,976,285
Inventories	-	_		10,346		10,346
Prepaid item	 929,950	-		-		929,950
Total assets	\$ 11,340,432	\$ 5,116,971	\$	8,734,149	\$	25,191,552
Liabilities						
Accounts and other payables	\$ 2,884,933	\$ 17,650	\$	1,284,594	\$	4,187,177
Due to other funds	2,090,651	-		880,176		2,970,827
Unearned revenues	-	-		98,718		98,718
Other liabilities	238,694	-		-		238,694
Total liabilities	5,214,278	17,650		2,263,488		7,495,416
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue	3,480,637	-		208,597		3,689,234
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,480,637	-		208,597		3,689,234
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	929,950	-		10,346		940,296
Restricted	-	5,099,321		2,477,018		7,576,339
Committed	-	-		4,405,197		4,405,197
Assigned	632,128	-		-		632,128
Unassigned	1,083,439	-		(630,497)		452,942
Total fund balances	2,645,517	5,099,321		6,262,064		14,006,902
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 11,340,432	\$ 5,116,971	\$	8,734,149	\$	25,191,552

(Continued)

# **Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Continued) June 30, 2020**

econciliation of the balance sheet - governmental funds to the statement of net position				
mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I)				
are different from the governmental fund balance sheet. The details of this difference				
are as follows:			•	44.000.00
Total fund balances (Exhibit III)			\$	14,006,90
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds:	_			
Governmental capital assets	\$	64,642,506		
Less accumulated depreciation	 (	(67,806,000)	_	
				96,836,50
Deferred pension expense				9,107,80
Deferred OPEB expense				13,680,30
Deferred pension credit				(1,925,4
Deferred OPEB credit				(3,456,5
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures				
and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:				
Property tax receivables				1,133,2
Assessments and other receivables not currently available				1,841,9
Interest on property taxes and assessments				713,9
Internal service funds are used by management to charge				
the costs of risk management to individual funds. The				
assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported				
with governmental activities in the statement of net position				(556,7
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the				
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Bonds and sewer notes payable				(40,551,0
Notes payable				(105,0
Compensated absences				(3,907,6
Accrued interest payable				(283,2
Early retirement incentives				(293,4
Capital lease				(8,997,3
Legal claims				(185,1
Net OPEB liability				(57,413,3
Deferred amounts in refunding				1,463,9
Bond premium				(3,320,2
Net pension liability				(18,202,5
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities (Exhibit I)			\$	(412,98

**Exhibit IV** 

**Town of Seymour, Connecticut** 

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		General		Road Projects	Nonmajor Governmenta Funds		G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Revenues:	•	44.004.044	•		•		•	44.004.044
Property taxes	\$	44,004,314	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,004,314
Interest and lien fees		304,319		-		-		304,319
Intergovernmental		16,117,585		<u>-</u>		3,640,609		19,758,194
Investment income		91,597		1,087		60,266		152,950
Permits, fees and other		980,679		-		958,354		1,939,033
Other revenues		136,920		-		132,540		269,460
Total revenues	_	61,635,414		1,087		4,791,769		66,428,270
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		3,566,669		-		441,252		4,007,921
Public safety		7,831,160		-		393,007		8,224,167
Public works		2,929,235		516,874		150,693		3,596,802
Sanitation		1,326,492		-		-		1,326,492
Sundry		3,039,378		-		-		3,039,378
Board of education		38,616,146		-		3,024,106		41,640,252
Debt service		3,306,617		-		985,851		4,292,468
Capital outlay		185,512		-		4,192,748		4,378,260
Total expenditures		60,801,209		516,874		9,187,657		70,505,740
Revenues over (under)								
expenditures		834,205		(515,787)		(4,395,888)		(4,077,470)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Issuance of bonds		-		5,000,000		1,060,000		6,060,000
Payments to escrow		-		-		(10,512,199)		(10,512,199)
Issuance of refunding bonds		-		-		10,345,000		10,345,000
Premiums		-		-		1,040,368		1,040,368
Transfers in		_		175,000		941,654		1,116,654
Transfers out		(1,022,766)		, <u>-</u>		(88,430)		(1,111,196)
Total other financing	-	<i>             \</i>				, ,		, , ,
sources (uses)		(1,022,766)		5,175,000		2,786,393		6,938,627
Net changes in fund balances		(188,561)		4,659,213		(1,609,495)		2,861,157
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,834,078		440,108		7,871,559		11,145,745
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,645,517	\$	5,099,321	\$	6,262,064	\$	14,006,902

(Continued)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) - Governmental Funds (Continued)

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

conciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (deficits) - povernmental funds to statement of activities:		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are		
different because of the following:		
Net change in fund balances (deficits) - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$	2,861,15
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement		
of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives		
and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amounts for capital outlays		
and depreciation in the current period:		
Capital outlay		4,342,82
Depreciation expense		(3,806,21
The change in net position in governmental activities of internal service funds is reported		
with governmental activities		(1,028,31
		, , ,
Changes in some revenues in statement of activities that do		
provide current financial resources are not reported in the funds:		
Changes in property taxes collected after 60 days		103,46
Changes in assessments collected after 60 days		(267,21
Changes in intergovernmental revenues collected after 60 days		(806,61
Changes in property taxes and assessments interest		47,62
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term		
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report		
the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first		
issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of		
activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related		
items are as follows:		
Issuance of bonds		(16,405,00
Principal payments		11,784,00
Payment of note payable		105,00
Premium		(1,040,36
Deferred loss on refunding		813,71
Amortization of premium on general obligation bonds		211,80
Capital lease payments		263,88
Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding		(179,72
Some expenses and deferred inflows/outflows reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of curren	t	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Deferred pension expense		(2,116,34
Deferred OPEB expense		11,733,51
Deferred pension credit		(1,315,73
Deferred OPEB credit		(2,171,44
Accrued interest		174,62
Net OPEB liability		(12,010,07
Net pension liability		188,61
Compensated absences		(259,76
Early retirement incentives		101,77
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit II)	\$	(8,674,79

# Statement of Net Position (Deficit)- Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

		Activities terprise Fund Sewer Fund		overnmental Activities ernal Service Fund
Assets		Funu		Fullu
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,447,840	\$	1,199,165
Accounts receivable, net	Ψ	1,028,732	Ψ	1,199,100
Due from other funds		1,020,732		1,000,000
Total current assets		2,476,572		2,199,165
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		4,810,956		_
Total noncurrent assets		4,810,956		-
Total assets		7,287,528		2,199,165
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable		13,077		68,428
Claims payable		-		451,804
Total current liabilities		13,077		520,232
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Claims payable		-		2,235,704
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		2,235,704
Total liabilities		13,077		2,755,936
Fund net position (deficit):				
Net investment in capital assets		4,810,956		-
Unrestricted		2,463,495		(556,771)
Total fund net position (deficit)	\$	7,274,451	\$	(556,771)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position (Deficit) - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-Type					
		Activities	Governmental			
	_En	terprise Fund		Activities		
		Sewer	Int	ernal Service		
		Fund		Fund		
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	2,193,601	\$	700,000		
Other		6,960		33,501		
Total operating revenues		2,200,561		733,501		
Operating expenses:						
Administration and operation		1,841,462		59,500		
Depreciation		490,753		-		
Claims		-		1,702,314		
Total operating expenses		2,332,215		1,761,814		
Operating (loss)		(131,654)		(1,028,313)		
Nonoperating revenues:						
Interest income		13,985		-		
Total nonoperating revenues		13,985		-		
Change in fund net position		(117,669)		(1,028,313)		
Fund net position, beginning of year		7,392,120		471,542		
Fund net position (deficit), end of year	\$	7,274,451	\$	(556,771)		

**Exhibit VII** 

# Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	usiness-Type Activities terprise Fund	Governmental Activities		
	 Sewer	ln	ternal Service	
	Fund		Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 2,032,602	\$	133,501	
Payments to suppliers and for claims	 (1,832,257)		(1,248,111)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 200,345		(1,114,610)	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income	 13,985		-	
Net cash provided by investing activities	13,985		-	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(91,624)		(1,114,610)	
Cash:				
Beginning of year	 1,539,464		2,313,775	
End of year	\$ 1,447,840	\$	1,199,165	
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Operating (loss)	\$ (131,654)	\$	(1,028,313)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	490,753		-	
Increase in accounts receivable	(167,959)		-	
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable	9,205		(7,305)	
Increase in claims payable	-		521,008	
Increase in due from other funds	 -		(600,000)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 200,345	\$	(1,114,610)	

**Exhibit VIII** 

# **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020**

		OPEB Trust	٦	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds		
Assets							
Cash	\$	-	\$	35,171	\$	152,883	
Investments		105,918		1,565,091			
Total assets		105,918		1,600,262		152,883	
Liabilities							
Due to other funds		-		5,458		-	
Due to others		-		-		152,883	
Total liabilities		-		5,458	\$	152,883	
Net Position							
Net position held in trust		-		1,594,804			
Net position- restricted for benefits		105,918		-			
Total net position	\$	105,918	\$	1,594,804	_		
	-				_		

**Exhibit IX** 

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		OPEB		Private Purpose
		Trust	7	Trust Funds
Additions:				
Contributions-employer	\$	1,514,993	\$	-
Investment income:				
Interest and dividends		4,947		78,462
Donations		-		5,155
Net additions		1,519,940		83,617
Deductions:				
Benefits		1,464,993		-
Education		-		89,068
General government		-		3,200
Total deductions	_	1,464,993		92,268
Change in net position before transfer out		54,947		(8,651)
Transfer out		-		5,458
Change in net position		54,947		(14,109)
Net position-restricted for benefits:  Beginning of year		50,971		1,608,913
		33,3.1		1,000,010
End of year	\$	105,918	\$	1,594,804

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Reporting entity:** The Town of Seymour, Connecticut (the Town) was incorporated in 1850. It operates under a Town Meeting form of government. The Town has an executive seven-member Board of Selectmen. The Town provides a full range of services including public safety (police and fire), public works, health and social services, recreation and cultural services, sanitation, education and general administrative services to its residents.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include 1) the primary government, 2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. No entities met the above criteria for inclusion in the financial statements.

**Basis of presentation:** The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

**Government-wide and fund financial statements:** The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The various fund types included in the financial statements are described below:

**Governmental funds:** Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed.

Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid.

**The General fund:** is the primary operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state and federal grants, licenses, permits, charges for service and interest income.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Special revenue funds:** account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed for expenditure for specific activities other than debt service or capital projects.

**Capital project funds:** account for and report all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for governmental activities capital outlay.

**Debt service fund:** used to account for and report resources for the payment of future debt service payments.

**Proprietary funds:** Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. These funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting.

**Enterprise funds:** account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Sewer Fund is the Town's only enterprise fund.

**Internal service funds** account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the Town on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Town reported one internal service fund used to account for the self-insurance activities of the Town.

**Fiduciary funds:** Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The fiduciary funds are as follows:

**Agency funds:** are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation. The Town reports an agency fund to account for its student activity funds.

**Private purpose trust funds:** are used to account for resource legally held in trust for the benefit of individuals, private organizations or other governments.

**OPEB trust fund**: used to account for the activities of the Town's OPEB plan, which accumulates resources for OPEB benefit payments, legally held in trust.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. The agency funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year when levied for. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting, however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pension, other post-employment benefit obligations and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due (matured).

Property taxes, when levied for, intergovernmental revenue when eligibility requirements are met, licenses, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be measurable and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

**The General fund:** is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund pays all general operating expenditures, debt service and the capital improvement costs of the Town which are not paid through other funds. The fund will also liquidate the liability for compensated absences, pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities.

The Road Projects fund: accounts for funds associated with road repairs and maintenance.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

**The Sewer fund:** accounts for the operations of the Town's sanitary sewer system. The major source of revenue is user fees.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are eliminated in the process of consolidation. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the proprietary funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service fund are charges to other Town funds for medical insurance premiums. Operating expenses for proprietary funds, include the cost of operations and maintenance, and depreciation on capital assets. Operating expenses for the internal service fund includes the cost of claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

**Cash equivalents:** For purposes of reporting cash flows, all savings, checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than three months are considered to be cash equivalents. The Town does not have any cash equivalents in the current year.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments: Investments are stated at fair value.

**Interfunds:** Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

**Fair value:** The Town uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and to determine fair value disclosures. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is best determined based upon quoted market prices. However, in certain instances, there are no quoted market prices for certain assets or liabilities. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the asset or liability.

Fair value measurements focus on exit prices in an orderly transaction (that is, not a forced liquidation or distressed sale) between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. If there has been a significant decrease in the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability, a change in valuation technique or the use of multiple valuation techniques may be appropriate. In such instances, determining the price at which willing market participants would transact at the measurement date under current market conditions depends on the facts and circumstances and requires the use of significant judgment.

The Town's fair value measurements are classified into a fair value hierarchy based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value.

The three categories within the hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, credit spreads, and market-corroborated inputs.
- **Level 3:** Unobservable inputs shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that relevant observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flows methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgement.

See Note 2 for additional information regarding fair value.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Property taxes:** The Town's property tax is levied each July 1, on the assessed value listed on the prior October 1, Grand List for all taxable property located in the Town. Taxes are due and payable in equal installments on July 1, and January 1, following the date of the Grand List. Interest of 1½ percent per month is charged on delinquent taxes. Liens are effective on the attachment date and are continued by filing prior to the following levy date. Additional property taxes are assessed for motor vehicles registered subsequent to the Grand List date through July 31, and are payable in one installment due January 1. An amount of \$92,371 has been established as an allowance for uncollectible taxes. At June 30, 2020, this represents approximately 6% percent of all property taxes receivable. All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

**Restricted assets:** The restricted assets for the Town are restricted for capital project purposes. This amount relates to unspent bond proceeds which are to be used for the acquisition of capital assets.

**Inventories:** All non-commodities inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of donated commodities are stated at fair market value. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

**Allowance for doubtful accounts:** Accounts receivable including property taxes receivable for the primary government are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents those accounts which are deemed uncollectible based upon past collection history and an assessment of the creditor's ability to pay.

Capital assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and enterprise fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Land improvements	20
Buildings	25-50
Building improvements	25-50
Infrastructure	10-65
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	8

Capital outlay (assets) are reported as expenditures and no depreciation expense is reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated absences: Compensated absences of the Town consist of vacation and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences is attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Town and the employee. Town employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates. Vacation pay expenses to be paid in future periods are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements. The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the financial statement date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus applicable additional salary related payments. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

**Net pension liability:** The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period. The investments are recorded at fair value in the calculation of the net pension liability.

**Net OPEB liability:** The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total OPEB liability), net of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period. The net OPEB liability is reported in the statement of net position. The Town does not issue separate stand-alone financial statements for this plan.

**Long-term obligations:** In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable as reported includes bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Principal payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

# Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, interest on property taxes, and charges for services. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period during which the amounts become available.

**Pension plans:** For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System plan (MERS) and the additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## Net position and fund balance:

**Net position:** In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets: The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position: These amounts are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

*Unrestricted net position:* This category represents the net position of the Town, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose. A deficit will require future funding.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Fund balance:** In the government fund financial statements, the Town classifies fund balances as follows:

*Nonspendable fund balance:* Amounts which cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance: These amounts are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Committed fund balance: This represents amounts constrained prior to year-end for a specific purpose by the Town using its highest level of decision-making authority (Town of Seymour, Board of Finance) in the form of an ordinance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance: Amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Director of Finance who has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Board of Finance.

*Unassigned fund balance:* The residual amount not allocated to any other fund balance categories in the General Fund and any residual deficit balance of any other governmental funds. A deficit will require future funding.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first. Additionally, the Town would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned.

**Accounting estimates:** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflow of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

**Cash and investments:** The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by the Statutes or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority.

Uninsured and uncollateralized

# Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

**Deposits:** Deposit Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures, \$19,250,486 of the Town's bank balance of \$22,763,471 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

\$ 19,250,486

	Ψ .σ,=σσ, .σσ
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's trust	
department, not in the Town's name	3,512,985
·	
Total amount subject to custodial credit risk	\$ 22,763,471
Cash, cash equivalents and investments of the Town consist of the following at J	une 30, 2020:
Cash:	
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 20,866,152
Total cash	20,866,152
Total Casti	20,000,132
Investments:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Mutual funds	68,270
Certificates of deposit	62,245
	130,515
Fiduciary fund:	
Mutual funds	1,266,596
Exchange traded fund	404,413
Exonange traded fand	1,671,009
	1,071,009
Total investments	1 901 524
	1,801,524
Total cash and investments	\$ 22,667,676
Chatamant of not nocition.	
Statement of net position:	
Cash	\$ 20,678,098
Investments	130,515
	20,808,613
Fiduciary funds:	
Cash	188,054
Investments	
IIIVESIIIEIIIS	1,671,009
	1,859,063
Total cash and investments	\$ 22,667,676

# Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

**Investments:** As of June 30, 2020, the Town had the following investments:

			In	vestment Mat				
	Credit	Fair Less Than			1-10	Мо	re Than	
Investment Type	Rating	Value		1 Year		Years		Years
								_
Mutual funds	N/A	\$ 1,335,176	\$	1,335,176	\$	-	\$	-
Exchange traded fund	N/A	404,103		404,103		-		-
		\$ 1,739,279	\$	1,739,279	\$	-	\$	-
N1/A / / I								

N/A - not rated

**Fair value:** The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
	Quoted Prices							
	in Active			Significant	S	gnificant		
			M	larkets for	Other		Other	
			Identical Assets		Observable	Ob	oservable	
					Inputs		Inputs	
	June 30, 2020 (L		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Investments by fair value level:								
Mutual funds	\$	1,335,176	\$	16,013	\$ 1,319,163	\$	-	
Exchange traded fund		404,103		404,103	-		-	
Total investments by fair value level	\$	1,739,279	\$	420,116	\$ 1,319,163	\$	-	

Investment custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Credit risk: The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any state or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision. The Town has no securities subject to this risk. Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization.

Concentration of credit risk: The Town places no limit on the amount invested in any one issuer. No more than 5 percent of the Town's investments were invested in any one issuer in which credit risk was applicable.

*Interest rate risk:* The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

# Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

**Receivables:** Receivables by type at year-end for the Town's government-wide financial statements, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		ľ	Nonmajor						
	Governmental								
	 General		Funds		Sewer		Total		
Receivables:									
Taxes and interest	\$ 2,158,413	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,158,413		
Accounts and other	72,830		205,885		-		278,715		
Sewer assessment	1,192,669		-		1,143,035		2,335,704		
Water assessment	440,719		-		-		440,719		
Intergovernmental			135,218		-		135,218		
Gross receivables	3,864,631		341,103		1,143,035		5,348,769		
Less allowance for									
collection losses	 92,371		-		114,303		206,674		
Net receivables	\$ 3,772,260	\$	341,103	\$	1,028,732	\$	5,142,095		

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also record unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		Unearned
General fund:			
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$ 1,133,264	\$	-
Delinquent property taxes interest receivable	713,984		-
Sewer and Water assessments receivable	1,633,389	)	-
Nonmajor governmental fund:			
Various education grants	-		98,718
Other receivables	208,597	·	
	\$ 3,689,234	\$	98,718

Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

**Fund balance:** The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

				Nonmajor	
		General	Road	overnmental	
		Fund	Projects	Funds	Total
Fund balance:			Ī		
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 10,346	\$ 10,346
Prepaids		929,950	-	-	929,950
		929,950	-	10,346	940,296
Restricted to:					
Education		-	-	8,144	8,144
Police operations		-	-	85,918	85,918
Social services		-	-	144,020	144,020
Road projects		-	5,099,321	-	5,099,321
Capital projects		-	-	735,600	735,600
Environmental purposes					
and transfer station		-	-	49,848	49,848
General government activities		-	-	238,734	238,734
Lease project		-	-	1,214,754	1,214,754
		-	5,099,321	2,477,018	7,576,339
Committed to:					
Debt Service		-	-	2,111,029	2,111,029
Public works		-	-	365,771	365,771
Public safety		-	-	1,508,725	1,508,725
Education		-	-	83,467	83,467
Library		-	-	241,325	241,325
General government activities		-	-	94,880	94,880
		-	-	4,405,197	4,405,197
Assigned to:					
General government various		305,549	-	-	305,549
Police department		23,514	-	-	23,514
Parks		81,953	-	-	81,953
Fire marshall/Fire Dept		16,944	-	-	16,944
Education		155,514	-	-	155,514
Public works		46,802	-	-	46,802
Recreation		1,852	-	-	1,852
	-	632,128	-	-	632,128
Unassigned		1,083,439	-	(630,497)	452,942
Total fund balances (deficits)	\$	2,645,517	\$ 5,099,321	\$ 6,262,064	\$ 14,006,902

Significant encumbrances at June 30, 2020 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund.

Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Capital assets: Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

		Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Increases	[	Decreases		Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,218,873	\$	-	\$	=	\$	3,218,873
Construction in progress		4,056,568		3,845,581		-		7,902,149
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		7,275,441		3,845,581		-		11,121,022
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		99,441,533		90,139		-		99,531,672
Machinery and equipment		5,113,695		64,690		-		5,178,385
Vehicles		8,149,083		330,330		-		8,479,413
Infrastructure		40,319,927		12,087		-		40,332,014
Total capital assets being depreciated		153,024,238		497,246		-		153,521,484
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		29,975,704		2,090,633		-		32,066,337
Machinery and equipment		3,903,401		280,390		-		4,183,791
Vehicles		5,906,264		385,130		-		6,291,394
Infrastructure		24,214,418		1,050,060		-		25,264,478
Total accumulated depreciation		63,999,787		3,806,213		-		67,806,000
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		89,024,451		(3,308,967)		-		85,715,484
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	96,299,892	\$	536,614	\$	-	\$	96,836,506
		Beginning			_	_		Ending
	-	Balance		Increases	[	Decreases		Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, being depreciated:	•	0.450.040	•	005.054	•		•	0.704.000
Buildings and improvements	\$	9,458,649	\$	305,954	\$	-	\$	9,764,603
Land improvements		222,630		-		-		222,630
Machinery and equipment		9,946,961		-		-		9,946,961
Licensed vehicles		479,847		205.054				479,847
Total capital assets, being depreciated	-	20,108,087		305,954		-		20,414,041
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		5,511,891		176,619		-		5,688,510
Land improvements		222,630		-		-		222,630
Machinery and equipment		8,897,961		314,134		-		9,212,095
Licensed vehicles		479,850		-		-		479,850
Total accumulated depreciation		15,112,332		490,753		-		15,603,085
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	4,995,755	\$	(184,799)	\$	-	\$	4,810,956

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental	activities:
--------------	-------------

General government	\$	38,062
Public works		1,027,678
Public safety		532,870
Recreation and culture		76,124
Board of Education		2,131,479
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	3,806,213
Business-type activities:		
Sewer operating	_\$_	490,753

**Interfund receivables, payables and transfers:** The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

		Due From		Due To	
	C	Other Funds	Other Funds		
General fund	\$	880,175	\$	2,090,651	
Internal Service fund		1,000,000		-	
Nonmajor governmental		1,096,110		880,176	
Fiduciary funds		-		5,458	
	\$	2,976,285	\$	2,976,285	

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

A summary of interfund transfers is presented below:

	Transfers in						
	Road	Nonmajor and					
	Projects	ds	Total				
Transfers out:				_			
General fund	\$ 175,000	\$ 847,76	66 \$	1,022,766			
Nonmajor and other funds		93,88	38	93,888			
	\$ 175,000	\$ 941,65	54 \$	1,116,654			

Interfund transfers from the General Fund are generally used to supplement revenues of other funds as need arises.

Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)
Long-term liabilities:

**Changes in long-term liabilities:** Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 35,930,000	\$ 16,405,000	\$ (11,784,000)	\$ 40,551,000	\$ 1,574,000
Premiums	2,491,700	1,040,368	(211,808)	3,320,260	-
Total bonds payable	38,421,700	17,445,368	(11,995,808)	43,871,260	1,574,000
Notes payable	210,000	-	(105,000)	105,000	105,000
Capital leases	9,261,193		(263,886)	8,997,307	363,909
Compensated absences	3,647,860	421,245	(161,478)	3,907,627	781,526
Net OPEB liability	45,403,282	12,010,071	-	57,413,353	-
Workers compensation/					
dental claims	2,166,500	521,008	-	2,687,508	-
Net pension liability	18,391,149	-	(188,612)	18,202,537	-
Retirement obligations	395,266	-	(101,776)	293,490	101,777
Claims	185,125	-	=	185,125	=
Total governmental			_		
activities	\$ 118,082,075	\$ 30,397,692	\$ (12,816,560)	\$ 135,663,207	\$ 2,926,212

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, retirement obligations, OPEB, workers compensation claims and claims are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

**General obligation bonds:** The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

2020 General Obligation Refunding Bond- In-Substance Defeasance: On June 11, 2020, the Town issued \$10,345,000 of general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.250%-5.000% of which the proceeds were used to advance refund the outstanding principal amounts of the general obligation bonds of the Town dated 2010A, 2010B, 2016B, 2017A, 2017B and 2017C (the "Refunded Bonds"). Net proceeds of \$10,518,718 (including net premium discount of \$331,695 and after expenses of approximately \$158,000 in underwriting and other issuance costs), was placed in an irrevocable trust under an Escrow Agreement dated June 11, 2020 between the Town and the Escrow Holder. The Escrow Holder used the proceeds to purchase a portfolio of primarily non-callable direct obligations of the United States of America ("Government Obligations"). The Government Obligations will have maturities and interest rates sufficient to pay principal and interest payments and redemption prices of the Refunded Bonds on the date the payments are due.

The Town advance refunded the above bonds to obtain an economic loss (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,941,690, and a cash cost of \$4,355,875 between the old debt payments and the new debt payments.

At June 30, 2020, there was \$10,428,760 in escrow. The balance of the defeased bonds was approximately \$9,705,000 at June 30, 2020. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the basic financial statements.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the Town. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Date of	Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Annual Principal	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2020
Description	ISSUE	iviaturity	Nate (70)	issue	Filicipal	Julie 30, 2020
Public and School Improvement	2015	2035	1.5%-4.0%	6,160,000	\$340,000-\$345,000	\$ 4,695,000
Public Improvement issue 2016A	2016	2035	1.5%-4.0%	1,285,000	\$70,000-\$350,000	1,140,000
Refunding Bonds issued 2016	2016	2031	2.0%-4.0%	7,225,000	\$100,000-\$1,085,000	4,180,000
Public and School Improvement	2017	2037	3.0%-4.0%	6,000,000	\$330,000-\$335,000	4,660,000
Refunding Bonds issued 2017	2017	2042	3.0%-4.0%	8,635,000	\$755,000-\$2,615,000	8,160,000
Refunding Taxable Bonds issued 2017	2017	2037	3.0%-4.0%	1,795,000	\$275,000-\$325,000	915,000
General Obligation Bonds	2019	2024	3.1%	495,000	\$99,000	396,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series A	2020	2050	2.125%-5.0%	6,060,000	\$125,000-\$1,500,000	6,060,000
Refunding Taxable Bonds Series B	2020	2045	3.250%-3.375%	6,405,000	\$2,305,000-\$4,100,000	6,405,000
Refunding Bonds Series C Total outstanding	2020	2026	5.0%	3,940,000	\$340,000-\$960,000	3,940,000 \$ 40,551,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governm	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Principal		
Years ending June 30:			_	
2021	\$ 1,574,000	\$	1,241,911	
2022	1,549,000	)	1,350,032	
2023	1,589,000	)	1,209,957	
2024	1,619,000	)	1,156,507	
2025	1,555,000	)	1,093,532	
2026-2030	7,950,000	)	4,843,237	
2031-2035	7,795,000	)	3,582,556	
2036-2040	7,845,000	)	2,453,619	
2041-2045	7,575,000	)	919,388	
2046-2050	1,500,000	)	184,800	
	\$ 40,551,000	) \$	18,035,539	
	<del></del>			

## Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

**Prior year in-substance defeasance:** In prior years, the Town has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the Town's government-wide financial statements. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of defeased debt outstanding, but removed from the Town's government-wide financial statements was approximately \$17,870,000.

**Statutory debt limitation:** The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

	Debt		
Category	Limitation	Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose	\$ 99,388,870	\$ 19,757,517	\$ 79,631,353
Schools	198,777,740	19,555,152	179,222,588
Sewers	165,648,116	1,683,331	163,964,785
Urban renewal	143,561,701	-	143,561,701
Pension deficit	132,518,493	-	132,518,493

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times prior year annual receipts from taxation, or \$309,209,817. All long-term debt obligations are retired through General Fund appropriations. The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds and notes outstanding in addition to the amounts of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding.

**Notes payable:** The Town has a tax exempt serial notes with Webster Bank issued on May 1, 2013 for \$850,000 with interest rates of 1.75 percent. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the note is as follows:

	<u></u>	Notes Payable			
		Principal Int		Interest	
Years ending June 30:					
2021	_ \$	105,000	\$	1,837	
	\$	105,000	\$	1,837	

**Authorized but unissued bonds:** The total of authorized but unissued bonds at June 30, 2020 is \$340,000. In most cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

**Capital leases:** The Town has entered into multi-year capital leases for the purchase of various capital items including streetlights and energy performance equipment.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The capitalized value of property under capital leases is summarized below:

	Governmental Activities
Asset:	
Construction in process	\$ 7,691,621
Equipment	778,757
Less accumulated depreciation	94,570
Total	\$ 8,375,808

Future minimum lease payments under capital leases are as follows:

apital lease future paymentsAmour		Amount
Years ending June 30:		
2021	\$	685,165
2022		656,376
2023		690,605
2024		703,187
2025		716,131
2026-2030		3,638,202
2031-2035		3,634,366
2036-2038		1,433,597
Total		12,157,629
Less portion representing interest		3,160,322
Total future principal payments	\$	8,997,307

**Early retirement incentive plan:** The Board of Education offers an early retirement incentive plan at least once within a three-year contract period for certified staff (teachers and administrators). The range of compensation is from \$2,000 to \$14,997 per year, per person, for five years and is offered to certified staff who have been employed by the Board of Education for at least 12 years. At June 30, 2020, 11 individuals are receiving benefits under this plan through 2020. A liability of \$293,490 is accrued in the government-wide statement of net position.

**Deficit fund equity:** For the year ended June 30, 2020, the following funds had deficit balances:

Rimmon Road improvement	\$ 307,799
Police private duty	137,105
Building improvement fund	177,997
Greenway Trail	7,596
Internal Service Fund	556,771

These amounts will be funded through bonds, contributions and future revenues.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## Note 3. Employee Retirement Plans

# State of Connecticut Employees' Retirement System:

**Plan description:** Certain employees of the Town participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Connecticut Employees' Retirement System (MERS). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan assets are reported at fair value.

MERS is considered to be part of the State of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ct.gov">www.ct.gov</a>.

**Benefit provisions:** Plan provisions are set by Statute of the State of Connecticut. MERS provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Membership is mandatory for all regular full time employees of participating departments except Police and Fire hired after age 60.

Average final compensation: Average of the three highest paid years of service.

Normal form of benefit: life annuity

#### Service retirement allowance:

**Condition for allowance:** Age 55 and 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service, or 25 years of aggregate service. Compulsory retirement at age 65 for police and fire members.

Amount of allowance: For members not covered by Social Security: 2% of average final compensation times years of service. For members covered by Social Security: 1-1/2% of the average final compensation not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average final compensation in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service. The maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually. Both the minimum and the maximum include Workers Compensation and Social Security benefits. If any member covered by Social Security retires before age 62, his/her benefit until he/she reaches age 62 or receives a Social Security disability award is computed as if he/she were not under Social Security.

#### Disability retirement allowance:

**Condition for allowance:** 10 years of service and permanently and totally disabled from engaging in any gainful employment in the service of the Municipality.

**Amount of allowance:** Calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

#### Service connected disability:

**Condition for allowance:** Totally and permanently disabled from engaging in any gainful employment in the service of the Municipality provided such disability has arisen out of and in the course of his/her employment with the Municipality. Disability due to hypertension or heart disease, in the case of firemen and policemen, is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## Note 3. Employee Retirement Plans (Continued)

**Amount of allowance:** Calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including Worker's Compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of the disability.

#### Death benefit:

**Condition for benefit:** Eligible for service, disability retirement, or vested allowance, and married for at least 12 months preceding death.

**Amount of benefit:** Computed on the basis of the member's average final compensation and creditable service at date of death, payable to the spouse. Benefit is equal to 50% of the average of the life annuity allowance and the reduced 50% joint and survivor allowance.

**Return of deductions:** Upon the withdrawal of a member the amount of their accumulated deductions is payable to him/her on demand, with 5% interest from July 1, 1983.

**Optional benefits:** Prior to the retirement, a member may elect to convert his retirement allowance into a benefit of equivalent actuarial value in accordance with one of the optional forms described below: 1. A reduced retirement allowance payable during his life with the provision that after his death the beneficiary designated by him at the time of his retirement; or 2. A reduced retirement allowance payable during his life with the provision that after his death an allowance of one half of his reduced allowance will be continued for life to the beneficiary designated by him at the time of his retirement; 3. A reduced retirement allowance payable during his life with a guarantee of 120 or 240 monthly payments to the member or his designated beneficiary.

Cost-of-living adjustment: For those retired prior to January 1, 2002: (i) the benefits of disabled retirees, service retirees who have reached age 65, and beneficiaries of deceased retirees who would have reached age 65 are adjusted each July 1. The difference between the actual annual yield of the actuarial value of assets on a calendar year basis to a 6% yield is calculated. This difference is the adjustment applied the following July 1. The minimum adjustment is 3% and the maximum is 5%. (ii) The benefits for all others on the roll are adjusted on January 1, 2002 and on each subsequent July 1. The amount of each adjustment is 2.5%. For those retiring in or after January 1, 2002, benefits are adjusted each July 1. The adjustment is 60% of the annual increase in the CPI up to 6%. The minimum annual COLA is 2.5%; the maximum is 6%.

**Contributions by members:** For members not covered by Social Security: 5% of compensation. For members covered by the Social Security: 2-1/4% of compensation up to the Social Security taxable wage base plus 5% of compensation, if any, in excess of such base.

**By municipalities:** Participating Municipalities make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment which covers the liabilities of the System not met by member contributions.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Note 3. Employee Retirement Plans (Continued)

**Assumptions:** The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date 6/30/2019 Measurement date 6/30/2019

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Investment rate return\* 7.00%, net of investment related expense

Projected salary increases\* 3.50-10.00% Social Security Wage Base 3.50%

Mortality- For the period after retirement and for dependent beneficiaries, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Combined Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for General Employees and the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for Police and Fire. For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 was used. The static projection produces sufficient margin in the mortality rates to reflect future improvement in our judgement.

**Changes in assumptions:** In 2019, the latest experience study for the System updated most of the actuarial assumptions utilized in the June 30, 2019 valuation to include: rates of inflation, real investment return mortality, withdrawal, disability, retirement and salary increases were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2017.

Future Cost-of-Living adjustments for members who retire on or after January 1, 2002 are 60% of the annual increase in the CPI up to 6%. The minimum annual COLA is 2.5%; the maximum is 6%.

**Discount rate:** the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Town's proportionate share, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Net pension liability	\$ 26,187,795	\$ 18,202,537	\$ 11,518,141

<sup>\*</sup> Includes inflation at 2.5%

# Note 3. Employee Retirement Plans (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return: the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are to be provided by the Fiduciary of the Plan.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	20%	5.3%
Developed Market International	11%	5.1%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	9%	7.4%
Core fixed income	16%	1.6%
Inflation linked bond fund	5%	1.3%
Emerging market bond	5%	2.9%
High yield bonds	6%	3.4%
Real estate	10%	4.7%
Private equity	10%	7.3%
Alternative investments	7%	3.2%
Liquidity fund	1%	0.9%
	100%	

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources: At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$18,202,537 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability related to its participation in MERS. The net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, which was projected forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019, which is date that the net pension liability is calculated. The plan assets were measured at fair value. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on its share of contributions to the MERS for fiscal year 2019 relative to the total contributions of all participating employers for that fiscal year. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Town's proportion was 5.2% and 5.6%, respectively.

# Note 3. Employee Retirement Plans (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$4,988,653. At June 30, 2020, The Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Defe		eferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience  Difference between expected and actual investment earnings	\$	1,995,774 673,077	\$	(1,201,028)
Change in proportion and differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of contributions		183,560		(724,392)
Changes in assumptions		4,485,315		-
Town contributions made subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,770,079		-
Total	\$	9,107,805	\$	(1,925,420)

\$1,770,079 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions in fiscal year 2020 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2021	\$ 2,234,187
2022	1,473,797
2023	1,786,020
2024	(81,698)

#### **Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System:**

**Description of system:** Certified personnel within the Town's school system participate in a retirement system administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board. This Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (the System) is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension system with a special funding situation. The Town has no liability associated with the State Teachers' Retirement System.

The System is considered a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained at <a href="https://www.ct.gov">www.ct.gov</a>.

The System is administered under the provisions of Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes (CGS). Participation in the System is restricted to certified staff employed in the public schools of Connecticut and members of the professional staff of the State Department of Education or the board of Governors of Higher Education and their constituent units. Participation in the System is mandatory for certified personnel of local boards of education who are employed for an average of at least one-half of a school day. Members of the professional staff of the State Department of Education or the Board of Governors of Higher Education and their constituent units may elect to participate in this system, the State Employees' Retirement System, or the Alternate Retirement System (TIAA-CREF).

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 3. Employee Retirement Plans (Continued)

Benefits provided: The benefits provided to participants by the System are as follows:

**Normal benefit:** A member at age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut is eligible for vested benefits of 2% of average annual salary times years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary.)

**Prorated benefit:** A member who completes 10 years of Connecticut public school service is eligible for a vested benefit commencing at age 60. The benefit is 2% less 0.1% for each year less than 20 years of average annual salary times years of credited service.

*Minimum benefit:* Effective January 1, 1999, Public Act 98-251 provides a minimum monthly retirement benefit of \$1,200 to teachers who retire under the Normal Benefit provisions and who have completed at least 25 years of full time Connecticut service at retirement.

**Contribution requirements:** The pension contributions made by the State to the System are determined on an actuarial reserve basis as described in CGS Sections 10-1831 and 10-183z. The Town is not required to contribute to the Plan.

Eligible employees are required to contribute 7.0% of their annual salary rate to the System as required by CGS Section 10-183b (7). The estimated covered payroll for the Town is \$17,257,003.

Effective January 1, 2019, the annual interest credited on mandatory contributions was set at 4.0%. For members retiring on or after July 1, 2019 with a partial refund option election (Plan N), if 50% of the benefits paid prior to death do not exceed the Member's mandatory contributions plus interest frozen at the date of the benefit commencement, the difference is paid to the Member's beneficiary.

**Actuarial assumptions:** The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following key actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50 percent Salary increases, including inflation 3.25-6.50 percent

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension

investment expense, including inflation 6.90 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increases (5% for females and 8% for males) to rates over age 80 for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries as well as for active members. The RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 using the MP-2014 improvement scale is used for the period after disability retirement.

#### Note 3. Employee Retirement Plans (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the Treasurer's Office are shown in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return	Deviation
Public Equity - US Equity	20.0%	8.1%	17.0%
Public Equity - International Developed Equity	11.0%	8.5%	19.0%
Public Equity - Emerging Markets Equity	9.0%	10.4%	24.0%
Fixed Income - Core Fixed Income	16.0%	4.6%	7.0%
Fixed Income - Inflation Linked Bonds	5.0%	3.6%	7.0%
Fixed Income - High Yield	6.0%	6.5%	11.0%
Fixed Income - Emerging Market Debt	5.0%	5.2%	11.0%
Private Equity	10.0%	9.8%	23.0%
Real Estate	10.0%	7.0%	15.0%
Alternative Investments - Real Assets	4.0%	8.2%	17.0%
Alternative Investments - Hedge Funds	3.0%	5.4%	7.0%
Liquidity Fund	1.0%	2.9%	1.0%
	100.0%	=	
·	<u> </u>		

The geometric rates of expected return shown in the table above are nominal returns net of investment expenses.

**Discount rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	5.90%	6.90%	7.90%
State's share of NPL associated with the Town	\$ 83,723,004	\$ 67,117,735	\$ 53,157,735

#### Note 3. Employee Retirement Plans (Continued)

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources: The State makes all contributions to the System on behalf of employees of the participating districts. Therefore, participating employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity in the System. Since the employers do not contribute directly to the System, there is no net pension liability or deferred inflows or outflows to report in the financial statements of the Town. The portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town was \$67,117,735 and 100% of the collective net pension liability is allocated to the State.

The Town recognized the total pension expense associated with the Town as well as revenue in an amount equal to the non-employer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with the Town. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized \$5,080,455, reported as intergovernmental revenue in the General fund, as the amount expended by the State on behalf of the Town to meet the State's funding requirements. The Town recognized \$8,243,202 reported as operating grants in the Governmental Activities statement of activities.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. Since the prior valuation, the State adopted new assumptions based on the 2015 Experience Study. The changes in assumptions are summarized below:

#### Economic assumptions:

- 1. Reduce the inflation assumption from 2.75% to 2.50%.
- 2. Reduce the real rate of return assumption from 5.25% to 4.40 % which, when combined with the inflation assumption change results in a decrease in the investment rate of return assumption from 8.00% to 6.90%
- 3. Increase the annual rate of wage increase assumption from 0.50% to 0.75%.
- 4. Phase in to a level dollar amortization method for the June 30, 2024 valuation.

#### Demographic assumptions:

None

#### Note 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Other post-employment benefits: In addition to providing pension benefits, various Town employee agreements provide for a portion of health insurance coverage or subsidized coverage to retired employees. These benefits are negotiated through union contracts, personnel policies, and/or individual employment agreements.

**Plan description:** The Town administers a medical benefit plan (MBP). The MBP is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The MPB provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. All employees of the Town are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees.

**Plan administration:** The general administration and management of the Town. There is no formal oversight board established. The plan does not issue separate financial statements.

#### Note 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

At July 1, 2019, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Medical
	Benefit
	Plan
Retired members	102
Spouses of retired members	47
Active plan members	342
Beneficiaries	2
Total participants	493

**Funding policy:** The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are negotiated with the various unions representing the employees.

The Town contributes 100 percent of premiums for the following groups:

- Board of Education custodians (retirees and spouse); post age 65, for Medicare supplement only.
- Board of Education secretaries (retiree), pre-age 65, who retire from Seymour Public Schools with at least 30 years of service.
- Board of Education Secretaries (retiree and spouse), post-age 65, who retire from Seymour Public Schools with at least 30 years of service, Medicare supplement only.
- Police (retiree and spouse) pre and post age 65.
- Town Administrators (retiree), pre age 65, if retirement with at least 10 years of service.
- Town Administrators (retiree and spouse), post age 65.
- Town Hall (retiree), pre age 65, if retirement at age 55 with at least 10 years of service.
- Town Hall (retiree and spouse), post age 65.
- Public Works (retiree and spouse), pre age 65, hired prior to July 1, 1994.
- Public Works (retiree and spouse), post age 65.
- Life insurance for Town administrators, police, Public Works and Town Hall.

Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits that are not fully paid by the Town are required to contribute specified amounts (based on averages) monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

**Town employees:** Town retirees (pre 65) receiving medical coverage under the plan contribute \$799/month for employee and \$1,195/month for the spouse. Retirees (post 65) receiving medical coverage under the plan contribute \$416/month for each the employee and the spouse. Retirees receiving dental coverage under the plan contribute \$31/month for employee and \$56/month for the spouse.

#### Note 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

**Board of Education employees:** Board of Education retirees (pre 65) receiving medical coverage under the plan contribute \$765/month for employee and \$864/month for the spouse. Retirees (post 65) receiving medical coverage under the plan contribute \$142/month for each the employee and the spouse. Retirees receiving dental coverage under the plan contribute \$31/month for employee and \$50/month for the spouse.

The following is a summary of certain significant actuarial assumptions and other plan information:

	Medical
	Benefit Plan
Actuarial valuation date	7/1/2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent
Asset valuation method	N/A
Actuarial assumptions:	
	Pre-65: 11.80% -
	4.10% over 54 years
	Post-65: 4.60% -
Health care cost trend rate	4.10% over 54 years
Discount rate	2.21%
Inflation rate	2.60%
Mortality- Teachers and Administrators	RPH-2014 White Collar Table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80 projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale and further adjusted to grade in increases.
Workding Todoriors and Administrators	Pub-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per the MP-2019 ultimate scale, with employee rates before commencement and healthy annuitant
Mortality- All Others	rates after benefit commencement.

Total OPEB liability was based on the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, which was projected forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

**Net OPEB liability of the Town:** The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Net OPEB Liability:	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 57,519,271
Plan fiduciary net position	105,918
Net OPEB Liability	57,413,353
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability	0.18%
Covered payroll	27,826,084
Net OPEB liability a % of covered payroll	206.33%

**Discount rate:** The discount rate to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.21%. The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

#### Note 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

**Assumed rate of return:** The assumption for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2019, and the final investment return assumption, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity Market	44.5%	4.73%	3.52%
U.S. Core Bonds	34.7%	2.30%	2.17%
Non- U.S. Equity	15.4%	6.28%	4.70%
Non- U.S. Bonds	3.5%	0.73%	0.29%
U.S. Cash	1.9%	0.88%	0.87%
	100.0%		
Assumed Inflation- Mean		2.60%	2.60%
Assumed Inflation- Standard Deviation		1.65%	1.65%
Portfolio Real Mean Return		3.91%	3.43%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return		6.53%	6.11%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			9.54%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			6.00%

**Rate of return:** For the year ended June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 8.36%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### Note 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

#### Significant changes in assumptions:

- Mortality tables- the 7/1/2019 valuation reflects the adoption of the Pub-2010 mortality table with generational projection of future improvements per MP Ultimate Table.
- Lowered the election rate for active employees by 5% for each group, except for BOE Custodians and Secretaries who may elect future pre-65 coverage.
- Updated the medical trend to an initial rate of 11.80% scaling down to 4.10% over 54 years for medical benefits prior to age 65 and to an initial rate of 4.60% scaling down to 4.10% over 54 years for medical benefits after age 65. Also updated the dental trend rate to 4.00%.
- Decrease in interest rate assumption from 3.58% to 3.50%.

#### Changes in the Net OPEB Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary			Net OPEB	
		Liability	Net Position			Liability	
Changes in the Net OPEB liability:							
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	45,454,253	\$	50,971	\$	45,403,282	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		910,413		-		910,413	
Interest		1,597,346		-		1,597,346	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(2,727,971)		-		(2,727,971)	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		13,750,223		-		13,750,223	
Benefit payments		(1,464,993)		(1,464,993)		-	
Employer contributions		-		1,514,993		(1,514,993)	
Net investment income		-		4,947		(4,947)	
Net changes		12,065,018		54,947		12,010,071	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	57,519,271	\$	105,918	\$	57,413,353	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 2.21%, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
	1.21%		2.21%		3.21%		
Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020	\$ 68,004,662	\$	57,413,353	\$	49,139,685		

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current						
		1% Decrease		Trend Rate	1% Increase			
Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020	\$	47,872,608	\$	57,413,353	\$	69,930,592		

#### Note 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

**OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:** For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$3,962,988. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ - 13,680,309	\$ (2,391,184) (1,063,560)	\$ (2,391,184) 12,616,749
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		(1,844)	(1,844)
	\$ 13,680,309	\$ (3,456,588)	\$ 10,223,721
Years ending June 30:			
2021			\$ 1,457,880
2022			1,457,880
2023			1,457,882
2024			1,457,882
2025			1,502,657
Thereafter			2,889,540
			\$ 10,223,721

#### Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System- Retiree Health Insurance Plan

**Plan description:** Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a Section 10-183 (t) of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ct.gov/trb">www.ct.gov/trb</a>.

**Benefit provisions:** There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare, but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

#### Note 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute, and has not increased since July of 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits). There are three choices for coverage under the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans.

Those participants electing vision, hearing and/or dental are required by the System's funding policy to pay the full cost of coverage for these benefits, and no liability is assumed by the plan for these benefits.

**Survivor health care coverage:** Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the Plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB - Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

**Eligibility:** Any member that is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the Plan.

**Credited service:** One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement, if the Member pays one-half the cost.

**Normal retirement:** Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

**Early retirement:** 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable retirement: Age 60 with 10 years of credited service

**Disability retirement:** 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty and no service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Termination of employment: 10 or more years of Credited Service.

#### **Contributions:**

#### State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183t, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

#### Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

#### **Employees**

Each member is required to contribute 1.25% of their annual salary up to \$500,000. Contributions in excess of \$500,000 will be credited to the Retiree Health Insurance Plan.

**OPEB liabilities, OPEB expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:** At June 30, 2020, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town	10,	467,388
	\$ 10	167 388

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2020, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense and (revenue) of \$(138,853) in Exhibit IV, in General Fund intergovernmental revenue, for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense and (revenue) of \$ 765,968 in Exhibit II, in Governmental Activities operating grants, for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

#### Note 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

**Actuarial assumptions:** The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Health care costs trend rate 5.95% decreasing to 4.75% by 2025

5.00% decreasing to 4.75% by 2028

Salary increases 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Year fund net position will

Be depleted 2020

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increases (5% for females and 8% for males) to rates over age 80 for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries as well as for active members. The RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 using the MP-2014 improvement scale is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 74 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the Plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.02%).

**Discount rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. No future State contributions were assumed to be made. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2020 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rate and the discount rate: The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

**Other information:** Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers' OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

#### Note 5. Risk Management, Commitment and Contingencies

**Risk management:** The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2020.

The Town is partially self-insured for worker's compensation and dental. The Town purchases stop loss insurance for exposures over \$500,000 per incident. The Town estimates a liability for workers' compensation claims payable and for claims incurred but not reported. As of June 30, 2020, this amount was \$2,687,508.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Generally all claims are paid by the General Fund.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities recorded by the City during the past two years are as follows:

	Claims	(	Claims and				Claims
Fiscal Year	Payable	(	Changes in		Claims		Payable
Ended	July 1	Estimates		Paid		June 30	
2020	\$ 2.166.500	\$	1,769,119	\$	1.248.111	\$	2,687,508
2019	\$ 2,572,634	\$	285,675	\$	691,809	\$	2,166,500

**Commitment:** The Town's Water Pollution Control Authority (WPCA) has contracted with an outside firm to operate its water treatment plant through June 30, 2026. The contract calls for an annual operating cost plus adjustments for the consumer price index and new dwellings added to the system. At June 30, 2020, the base contract commitment is approximately \$1,364,000 per year.

**Contingencies:** Amounts received or receivable from Federal and State grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Various litigation, principally involving claims for personal injury and contested tax assessment, is pending against the Town. For certain cases, where it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, a loss contingency has been accrued for in the government-wide statement of approximately \$185,000. Based upon the advice of the Town Counsel, management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements of the Town.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 6. Recently Issued GASB Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations.

The impact of the following accounting pronouncements are currently being assessed by the Town as to the impact to the financial statements. Other recently issued financial statements are not expected to have a material effect to the Town's financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 84**, *Fiduciary Activities*, is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Town is aware of this statement and will assess its impact to ensure timely implementation.

**GASB Statement No. 87**, *Leases*, establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset, which should result in the recognition and reporting of leased assets and the liability associated with subsequent lease payments, which have historically been classified as operating leases of the current reporting period only. The new statement requires a Lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, with the lessor required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

**GASB Statement No. 89**, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively.

**GASB Statement No. 90**, *Majority Equity Interests*—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

**GASB Statement No. 91**, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged. The Town is not an issuer of conduit debt; therefore, this Statement will have no effect on its financial statements.

#### Note 6. Recently Issued GASB Statements (Continued)

**GASB Statement No. 96**, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. GASB Statement No. 96 provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). It is based on the standards established in Statement 87, Leases. It:

- Defines a SBITA as a contract that conveys control of the right to use a SBITA vendor's IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction;
- Requires governments with SBITAs to recognize a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability (with an exception for short-term SBITAs—those with a maximum possible term of 12 months); and
- Provides guidance related to outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs, and requirements for note disclosures related to a SBITA.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

**GASB Statement No. 97**, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. GASB 97 requires that, for purposes of determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit (except for a potential component unit that is a defined contribution pension plan, a defined contribution OPEB plan, or other employee benefit plan), the absence of a governing board should be treated the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board if the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically performs. The component unit determination provisions of GASB 97 are effective immediately. Other provisions are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

#### Note 7. Coronavirus (COVID-19)

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus to be a public health emergency. On March 11, 2020, the Governor of the State of Connecticut declared a public health emergency and a civil preparedness emergency due to COVID-19.

The Town derives a significant portion of its revenue from property taxes. While the Town has not experienced any significant increase in the amount of delinquent from its taxpayers, the situation creates uncertainty about the impact of future revenues that might be generated. In addition, at this time, it is uncertain what the effects of the pandemic will be on the Town's health care costs, changes in interest rates, investment valuation and the future federal or state fiscal relief.

Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Genera	al Fu	nd	
	Original	Final		Actual Budgetary Basis	ariance With inal Budget
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 44,182,604	\$ 44,182,604	\$	44,004,314	\$ (178,290)
Interest and lien fees	375,000	375,000		304,319	(70,681)
Intergovernmental	10,877,206	10,877,206		10,905,234	28,028
Investment income	135,000	135,000		91,597	(43,403)
Permits, fees and other	1,215,800	1,215,800		1,055,682	(160,118)
Other	 65,000	65,000		54,960	(10,040)
Total revenues	56,850,610	56,850,610		56,416,106	(434,504)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	3,067,413	3,153,231		3,048,939	104,292
Public safety	5,220,492	5,220,492		5,061,656	158,836
Public works	2,117,495	2,117,495		2,014,200	103,295
Sanitation	1,179,262	1,179,262		1,167,011	12,251
Sundry	7,178,800	7,328,714		7,190,410	138,304
Capital Outlay	341,126	243,223		236,014	7,209
Contingency	402,829	265,000		264,062	938
Education	34,158,039	34,158,039		33,965,838	192,201
Debt service	3,710,154	3,710,154		3,710,214	(60)
Total expenditures	57,375,610	57,375,610		56,658,344	717,266
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(525,000)	(525,000)		(242,238)	282,762
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer out	-	-		-	-
Unassigned fund balance	525,000	525,000		-	(525,000)
Total financing sources (uses)	525,000	525,000		-	(525,000)
Net increase in budgetary					
fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(242,238)	\$ (242,238)

See note to required supplementary information.

## Schedule of Contributions - Municipal Employees' Retirement System Required Supplementary Information - *unaudited*Last Seven Fiscal Years

Measurement Period Ended June 30,	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Actuarially determined contribution  Contribution in relation to the actuarially  determined contribution	\$ 1,770,079	\$	1,572,425 1,572,425	\$	1,481,189 1,481,189	\$	1,436,397 1,436,397	\$	1,750,607 1,750,607	\$	1,334,602 1,334,602	\$	1,103,981 1,102,981
	 ,	•	, ,	Φ.	.,,	Φ.	., .00,00.	•	,	•	,	Φ.	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	<b>\$</b>	-	\$	-	<b>\$</b>	-	<b>\$</b>	-	<b>\$</b>	-	<b>\$</b>	1,000
Covered Payroll	\$ 10,208,707	\$	12,670,231	\$	11,874,119	\$	11,357,359	\$	10,223,171	\$	10,080,165	\$	10,080,165
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.34%		12.41%		12.47%		12.65%		17.12%		13.24%		10.95%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for those years for which information is available.

# Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Municipal Employees' Retirement System Required Supplementary Information - unaudited Last Six Fiscal Years

		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		5.194925%	, D	5.564655%		5.706612%	5.706612%	,	5.513270%	5.605805%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	18,202,537	\$	18,391,149	\$	3,102,888	\$ 4,595,035	\$	2,052,425	\$ 474,167
Town's covered payroll	\$	11,442,279	\$	12,670,231	\$	11,584,506	\$ 11,357,359	\$	10,223,171	\$ 10,080,165
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	_	159.08%	, D	145.15%	)	26.78%	40.46%	)	20.08%	4.70%
System fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	_	72.69%	, D	73.60%	)	91.68%	88.29%	ì	92.72%	92.72%

#### Note to Schedule

Valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Investment rate of return
Salary increase
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method

Assumption changes

Benefit changes

June 30, 2019 Entry age normal 7.00%

3.50 -10.00 percent, including inflation

Level dollar, closed

21 years

Market value on the measurement date.

In 2019, the latest experience study for the System updated most of the actuarial assumptions utilized in the June 30, 2019 valuation to include: rates of inflation, real investment return mortality, withdrawal, disability, retirement and salary increases were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five year period ended June 30, 2017.

None

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for those years for which information is available.

# Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Teachers' Retirement System Required Supplementary Information - unaudited Last Six Fiscal Years

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$ - \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town		67,117,735	51,751,673	52,940,254	55,852,374	43,706,244	40,397,644
Total	\$	67,117,735	\$ 51,751,673 \$	52,940,254 \$	55,852,374	\$ 43,706,244 \$	40,397,644
Town's covered payroll	\$	17,257,003	\$ 16,989,415 \$	16,780,177 \$	16,173,000	\$ 15,934,000 \$	15,591,000
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
System fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	_	52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%	61.51%

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contributions reported in that schedule:

#### Note to Schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of pay, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 17.6 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increase 3.25-6.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00 percent, net of investment related expense

Changes in benefit terms: None

Changes in Assumptions: In 2019, The Board adopted new assumptions in conjunction with HB 7424. The changes in assumptions are summarized below: Reduce the inflation assumption from 2.75% to 2.50%.

Reduce the real rate of return assumption from 5.25% to 4.40% which, when combined with the inflation assumption change results in a decrease in the investment rate of return assumption from 8.00% to 6.90%.

Increase the annual rate of wage increase assumption from 0.50% to 0.75%.

Phase in to a level dollar amortization method for the June 30, 2024 valuation.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full

10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for those years for which information is available.

#### Required Supplementary Information - unaudited Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Three Fiscal Years\*

	2020		2019		2018
Changes in Net OPEB Liability					
Total OPEB liability:					
Service cost	\$ 910,413	\$	1,201,485	\$	1,247,177
Interest	1,597,346		1,633,716		1,521,824
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)	(2,727,971)		-		-
Changes of assumptions	13,750,223		2,265,936		(1,728,285)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,464,993)		(1,308,165)		(1,271,413)
Net change in total OPEB liability	12,065,018		3,792,972		(230,697)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	 45,454,253		41,661,281		41,891,978
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 57,519,271	\$	45,454,253	\$	41,661,281
Employer contributions	\$ 1,514,993	\$	1,358,165	\$	-
Net Investment income	4,947		971		-
Benefit payments	(1,464,993)		(1,308,165)		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	54,947		50,971		-
Fiduciary net position, beginning	50,971		_		-
Fiduciary net position, ending	105,918		50,971		-
Net OPEB liability, ending	 57,413,353		45,403,282		41,661,281
Covered payroll	\$ 27,826,084	\$	19,085,936	\$	19,085,936
Net OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll	206.33%	,	237.89%	,	218.28%

<sup>\*</sup>Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### **Required Supplementary Information - unaudited Schedule of Employer Contributions- OPEB Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Actuarially determined employer contribution	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the ADEC Contribution deficiency (excess)	1,514,993 \$(1,514,993)	1,358,165 \$ (1,358,165) \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>-</u> \$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$27,826,084	\$19,085,936	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution as % of covered payroll	5.44%	7.12%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> The OPEB trust was set up in May 2019. The components of this schedule will be developed going forward.

#### **Notes to Schedule**

#### Actuarial Assumptions

July 1, 2017 Valuation Date: Measurement Date: June 30, 2020 Entry Age Normal **Actuarial Cost Method** 2.60% (prior: 2.75%) 2.21% (prior: 3.50%) Inflation Discount rate

Healthcare Trend Rates

7.69% to 4.40% over 65 years Graded scale for Certified BOE, 3.5% for all others Salary increases

RSI-7

Required Supplementary Information - unaudited Schedule of Investment Returns- OPEB Last Two Fiscal Years\*

	2019	2020
Annual money-weighted rate of return,		
net of investment expense	11.97%	8.36%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for those years for which information is available.

#### RSI-8

#### **Town of Seymour, Connecticut**

## Required Supplementary Information - unaudited Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - Teachers Retiree Health Plan Last Three Fiscal Years\*

	2020		2019		2018
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.00%		0.00%	)	0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town	10,467,388		10,345,455		16,626,233
Total	\$ 10,467,388	\$	10,345,455	\$	16,626,233
Town's covered payroll	\$ 17,256,981	\$	16,023,617	\$	16,780,192
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	, D	0.00%	)	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	 2.08%	D	1.49%	)	1.79%

#### Required Supplementary Information - unaudited Notes to Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - Teachers Retiree Health Plan

Changes in benefit terms The Plan was amended by the Board, effective January 1, 2019, during the September 12, 2018 meeting. The Board elected a

new prescription drug plan, which is expected to reduce overall costs and allow for the Board to receive a government subsidy for members whose claims reach a catastrophic level. These changes were communicated to retired members during the

months leading up to the open enrollment period that preceded the January 1, 2019 implementation date.

Changes of assumptions Based on the procedure described in GASB 74, the discount rate used to measure Plan obligations for

financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2019 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond Index

Rate of 3.50% as of June 30, 2019;

Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim

experience both before and after the plan change that became effective on January 1, 2019; and

The expected rate of inflation was decreased, and the Real Wage Growth assumption was increased.

Amortization method Level percent of payroll over an open period

Remaining amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of investment related expense

including price inflation

**Note:** This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

### Required Supplementary Information - *Unaudited* Note to Required Supplementary Information

#### Note 1. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

**Budgetary information:** The Town follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- All boards seeking appropriations file their budgetary requests with the Town Clerk, no later than
  February 1st of each year, who then forwards a copy to the Board of Finance. If requests are not
  filed, the Board of Finance may make its own best estimate of the needed appropriations.
- The Board of Finance files with the Town Clerk, no later than April 1st of each year, such appropriations as it recommends in the form of a proposed budget and proposed tax mill rate.
- If the budget is not approved by the Town Meeting by June 15th, then revenues, debt service and legal obligations last submitted by the Board of Finance shall be considered as the adopted budget for the following fiscal year.
- The Town Meeting process continues on all other items until approved.
- The Board of Finance is responsible for management and monitoring of the budget.
- The Board of Education may transfer unexpended balances from one account to another within its total line appropriation. Other boards may transfer amounts between accounts in their budgets with Board of Finance approval, provided the total line appropriation is not exceeded.
- Boards and departments seeking supplemental appropriations or transfers that exceed the total line appropriation established by the Board of Finance and approved by the Town Meeting action must make written requests to the Board of Selectmen for approval. The Board of Selectmen forwards such requests with its recommendations to the Board of Finance for action. Transfer requests less than \$50,000 require both Boards' approvals. Transfer requests more than \$50,000 per Board/department and aggregate requests of \$50,000 or more per Board/department require both Boards' approval and the approval of the Town Meeting.
- When the Town maintains a Reserve Fund for capital and nonrecurring expenditures in accordance with its Charter and/or Connecticut General Statutes, payments into and appropriations from the Reserve Fund shall be made only upon recommendations of the Board of Selectmen, Board of Finance and Town Meeting action regardless of the amount involved.
- The Board of Finance shall pass onto a special Town Meeting for fiscal action supplemental appropriations exceeding \$50,000 and supplemental appropriations of less than \$50,000 if, when added to supplemental appropriations previously approved in the current fiscal year, exceed \$50,000.
- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against budget appropriation in the
  year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly,
  encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures of the
  current year.
- Unencumbered appropriations generally lapse at year-end.
- For budgetary purposes, the Town treats encumbrances as expenditures.
- There were no additional appropriations made during fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Required Supplementary Information - *Unaudited* Note to Required Supplementary Information

#### Note 1. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

As explained above, the Town's budgetary fund structure accounts for certain transactions differently from that utilized in reporting in conformity with GAAP. A reconciliation of revenues and expenditures of the General Fund between the accounting treatment required by GAAP and budgetary requirements is as follows:

	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	E	Expenditures and Other Financing Uses
Balance, budgetary basis	\$ 56,416,106	\$	56,658,344
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2019, liquidated during the year ended June 30, 2020	-		578,443
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2020, charged to budgetary expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2020	-		(632,120)
State teachers' retirement on-behalf payment for pension and OPEB Balance, GAAP basis	\$ 5,219,308 61,635,414	\$	5,219,308 61,823,975

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Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Other Schedules

### **General Fund**

The General F	und is	used to	account	for resources	traditionally	associated	with the	Town v	vhich a	are not
required legally	y or by	/ sound	financial i	management	to be accou	nted for in a	nother fu	nd.		

## Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund							
	Original	Final	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget				
Revenues:	Ф. 44.400.004	Ф. 44.400.004	<b>*</b> 44.004.044	Φ (470.000)				
Property taxes	\$ 44,182,604	\$ 44,182,604	\$ 44,004,314	\$ (178,290)				
Interest and lien fees	375,000	375,000	304,319	(70,681)				
Intergovernmental:								
Education:								
Education Tuition	-	-	16,426	16,426				
Education Block Grant	10,196,750	10,196,750	10,229,502	32,752				
Total education	10,196,750	10,196,750	10,245,928	49,178				
Other:								
State provided highway (Town Aid Road)	297,506	297,506	297,318	(188)				
Enterprise Zone program	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)				
Mashantucket Pequot fund	24,111	24,111	24,111	-				
Property tax loss	11,453	11,453	6,960	(4,493)				
State distribution of a telephone tax	30,000	30,000	23,354	(6,646)				
Judicial fines	3,000	3,000	4,302	1,302				
Motor Vehicle Property Grants	281,186	281,186	281,186	-				
Pilot Program- Smith/Ray House	5,000	5,000	5,726	726				
Veterans exemption	20,000	20,000	13,961	(6,039)				
Disabled exemption	3,200	3,200	2,388	(812)				
Total other	680,456	680,456	659,306	(21,150)				
Total intergovernmental	10,877,206	10,877,206	10,905,234	28,028				
Permits, fees and other:								
Real Estate Conveyance	125,000	125,000	181,644	56,644				
Pistol Permits	5,000	5,000	5,460	460				
Raffle Permits	-	-	575	575				
Fire Marshall Permits and fees	3,000	3,000	1,205	(1,795)				
Dept. of Public Works	2,500	2,500	3,200	700				
Parking Stickers	3,500	3,500	3,899	399				
Town Clerk	130,000	130,000	108,685	(21,315)				
Planning & Zoning	10,000	10,000	25,802	15,802				
Zoning Board of Appeals	1,000	1,000	4,463	3,463				
Inland Wetlands	3,000	3,000	6,355	3,355				
Town Clerks - WPCA liens	6,500	6,500	-,-,-	(6,500)				
Building Inspector	150,000	150,000	136,512	(13,488)				
Transfer Station - Commercial	50,000	50,000	17,886	(32,114)				
Residential Transfer Station	20,000	20,000	12,156	(7,844)				
Revenue from recycling	18,000	18,000	37,905	19,905				

(Continued)

## Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Continued) General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund								
		Original				Actual Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget	
Permits, fees and other (Continued):									
Police Reports	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,022	\$	22	
Miscellaneous		27,500		27,500		79,640		52,140	
Boys and Girls Club - Rent		=		-		350		350	
Valley Health Districts - Rent		17,200		17,200		18,835		1,635	
Ordinance fines		100		100		198		98	
Parking Fines		6,500		6,500		4,570		(1,930)	
Sewer Assessments		280,000		280,000		221,839		(58,161)	
Water Assessment		175,000		175,000		129,288		(45,712)	
Water Assessment Interest		25,000		25,000		10,846		(14,154)	
Recreation and Senior activities		156,000		156,000		43,347		(112,653)	
Total permits, fees and other		1,215,800		1,215,800		1,055,682		(160,118)	
Interest and dividends:									
Interest General Fund		135,000		135,000		91,597		(43,403)	
Total interest and dividends		135,000		135,000		91,597		(43,403)	
Other:									
Police administration fees		65,000		65,000		54,960		(10,040)	
Total other		65,000		65,000		54,960		(10,040)	
Other financing sources:									
Transfer in		300,000		300,000		-		(300,000)	
Use of fund balance		225,000		225,000		-		(225,000)	
Total other financing sources		525,000		525,000		-		(525,000)	
Total revenues and other									
financing sources	\$	57,375,610	\$	57,375,610	\$	56,416,106	\$	(959,504)	

## Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted Amount				Actual Budgetary	Variance With	
		Original		Final	_	Basis	Fi	nal Budget
General Government:								
Board of Finance	\$	75,800	\$	75,800	\$	75,567	\$	233
Town Meetings Public Hearings		4,200		4,200		-		4,200
Probate Court		17,000		17,000		13,656		3,344
Selectmen's Office		362,527		362,527		356,986		5,541
Economic Development		66,350		66,350		23,006		43,344
Economic Development Commission		1,000		1,000		100		900
Registrars of Voters		62,000		62,000		58,129		3,871
Finance Department		300,379		300,379		299,863		516
Tax Collector		182,528		182,528		180,925		1,603
Town Treasurer		5,200		5,200		5,200		-
Assessors Office		196,242		196,242		193,103		3,139
Board of Assessment Appeals		150		150		150		-
Town Counsel		300,000		300,000		294,677		5,323
Town Clerk		164,267		164,267		154,303		9,964
Printing & Legal Ads		15,000		15,000		12,884		2,116
Town Planner		30,000		30,000		25,000		5,000
Town Computers		136,716		136,716		135,065		1,651
Town Buildings		508,065		593,883		588,588		5,295
Town Engineer		107,840		107,840		107,771		69
Town Buildings Utilities		263,025		263,025		263,025		-
Office of Compliance		219,124		219,124		210,941		8,183
Senior citizens freeze		50,000		50,000		50,000		-
Total general government		3,067,413		3,153,231		3,048,939		104,292
Public Safety:								
Police Department		4,418,404		4,418,404		4,294,449		123,955
Communication Commission		189,808		189,808		188,847		961
Emergency Management		27,261		27,261		25,157		2,104
EMS Commission		50		50		-		50
Seymour Ambulance		84,791		84,791		82,961		1,830
Valley Emergency Medical Services		32,782		32,782		32,000		782
Lake Authority		16,178		16,178		16,178		-
Fire Department		313,450		313,450		286,978		26,472
Fire Marshal		137,768		137,768		135,086		2,682
Total public safety		5,220,492		5,220,492		5,061,656		158,836
Public Works:								
Highway Wages & Maintenance		1,809,295		1,809,295		1,720,065		89,230
Highway Materials		70,000		70,000		70,000		-
Street Lighting		85,000		85,000		85,000		-
Parks		153,200		153,200		139,135		14,065
Total public works	`	2,117,495		2,117,495		2,014,200		103,295

## Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Continued) General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Declarate			Actual	.,		
		Budgeted Amount Original Final			-	Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	
Sanitation:		Original		ГПа		Dasis		mai Buuget
Sanitation	\$	115,195	\$	115,195	\$	102,944	\$	12,251
Waste Collection	Ψ	1,064,067	Ψ	1,064,067	Ψ	1,064,067	Ψ	-
Total sanitation		1,179,262		1,179,262		1,167,011		12,251
Sundry:								
Valley Health Department		113,595		113,595		113,712		(117)
Dog Warden Canine Office		81,000		81,000		81,000		-
Town Health Contributions		13,400		13,400		13,210		190
Town Insurance		1,850,653		1,850,653		1,850,653		-
Town Contributions		23,250		23,250		23,250		-
Water - Fire Hydrants		401,639		401,639		393,062		8,577
Recreation Commission		460,678		460,678		353,295		107,383
Culture & Arts Commission		20,600		20,600		6,965		13,635
Recreation Program Contributions		52,500		52,500		52,500		-
Library		377,984		377,984		373,131		4,853
Valley Council of Governments		9,063		9,063		9,063		-
Personnel benefits		3,774,438		3,924,352		3,920,569		3,783
Total sundry		7,178,800		7,328,714		7,190,410		138,304
Capital Non-Recurring		341,126		243,223		236,014		7,209
Town Contingency		402,829		265,000		264,062		938
Debt Service		3,710,154		3,710,154		3,710,214		(60)
Education		34,158,039		34,158,039		33,965,838		192,201
Total expenditures and other financing uses	_\$	57,375,610	\$	57,375,610	\$	56,658,344	\$	717,266



# Nonmajor Governmental Funds

## Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

#### **LOCIP Fund**

To account for projects funded through the State Local Capital Improvement Program and General Fund matching appropriations.

#### **Open Space**

To account for funds restricted to the acquisition and maintenance of Public spaces.

#### **STEAP Grants**

To account for state grants restricted for the reconstruction of Rimmon Road.

#### **Small Cities**

To account for housing rehabilitation program for income eligible families.

#### **HUD Small Cities Grant Fund**

To account for funds received and disbursed under the State Department of Housing.

#### **Dog Fund**

To account for funds provided by the sale of dog licenses, sale of stray dogs and various fines levied against owners of stray dogs, as well as General Fund appropriations.

#### **Library Fund**

To account for fines, donations and fees received for Library operations.

#### **Education Grants Fund**

To account for education related programs that are funded through State and Federal Grants.

#### **School Lunch Fund**

To account for the operations of the School Lunch Program. Financing is provided by the students and teachers as well as reimbursement from State and Federal governments.

#### **Police Seizure Fund**

To account for funds received through police seizures.

#### **Streetlight Maintenance Fund**

To account for various small grants and donations restricted to specific projects. The main resource for these grants is the Katharine Matthies Foundation.

#### **Grants and Donations**

To account for miscellaneous private grants and donations.

#### **Eversource Energy Community Grant Fund**

To account for grant received to encourage home owners to invest in sustainable energy projects.

#### **Community Policing Fund**

To account for the donations made to the police department.

#### Blight Fund

To account for blight fines that are used to fix up blighted properties.

## Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

#### **Private Duty**

To account for police private duty activity, including paying wages, invoicing for services and invoice collections.

#### **Greenway Trail Fund**

To account for the amounts restricted to state grant requirements.

#### **Building Maintenance**

To account for Town Building repairs as determined by the 1st Selectman.

#### **BRRFOC Fund**

To account for Board of Selectman designated environmental purposes and transfer station improvements.

#### **Downtown Revitalization**

To account for funds to be spent on Downtown revitalization.

## Capital Projects Funds

#### **Capital Projects**

To account for 2017-2018 capital plan approved by Board of Selectman and financed through a 3-year general fund appropriation borrowing.

#### **Underground Gas and Oil Tanks**

To account for appropriations to fund the cost of repairing and replacing old underground gas and oil tanks and financed through general fund appropriation.

#### **Building Improvement Fund**

To account for an appropriation and borrowing authorization totaling \$1,500,000 to fund the cost of repairing Town buildings approved by the voters of the Town at a referendum held on November 8, 2016.

#### Chatfield LoPresti Building Fund

To account for an appropriation and borrowing authorization totaling \$32,500,000 to fund the cost of renovation to Paul E. Chatfield School approved by the voters of the Town at a referendum held on October 7, 2008.

#### **Rimmon Road Fund**

To account for Federal grant and local funds restricted for the reconstruction of Rimmon road.

#### **Energy Performance Project fund**

To account for funds associated with the energy performance lease project.

#### **FEMA**

To account for FEMA funds received and expended.

#### **Emergency Service Communication**

To account for the upgrade of emergency communications equipment at Police Department, Fire Department and Ambulance services.

#### Debt Service Fund

#### **Debt Service**

To account for and report resources for the payment of future debt service payments.

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds								
		LOCIP		Open Space		STEAP Grants	Small Cities Fund		
Assets									
Cash	\$	61,885	\$	23,433	\$	-	\$	-	
Investments		-		-		-		-	
Receivables:									
Accounts and other		-		-		-		-	
Due from other governments		49,080		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		1		-		-		-	
Inventory		-		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	110,966	\$	23,433	\$	-	\$	-	
Liabilities									
Accounts and other payables/due to State	\$	2,574	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Due to other funds		82,149		-		-		-	
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		84,723		-		-		-	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenues		-		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances (deficits):									
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		26,243		-		-		-	
Committed		-		23,433		-		-	
Unassigned		-		-		-		-	
Total fund balances (deficits)		26,243		23,433		-		=	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
of resources and fund balances (deficits)	_\$	110,966	\$	23,433	\$	_	\$	_	
(40.1010)	<u> </u>		Ψ	20, 100	Ψ		Ψ		

Special Revenue Funds

		Special Re	venu	e Funds			
HUD mall Cities rant Fund	Dog Fund	Library Fund		Education Grants Fund	School Lunch Fund	Police Seizure Fund	Streetlight laintenance
\$ 144,020	\$ 17,255 -	\$ 105,352 130,515	\$	291,606 -	\$ 64,466 -	\$ 85,918 -	\$ 157,147 -
- - -	- - -	- - 5,458		- 42,896 -	43,242	- - -	- - -
\$ 144,020	\$ 17,255	\$ 241,325	\$	334,502	\$ 10,346 118,054	\$ - 85,918	\$ - 157,147
\$	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	1,699 225,941 98,718 326,358	\$ 24,241 - - 24,241	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
- -	<u>-</u>	- -			-	- -	<u> </u>
- 144,020 - -	- - 17,255 -	- - 241,325 -		- 8,144 - -	10,346 - 83,467	- 85,918 - -	- - 157,147 -
144,020	17,255	241,325		8,144	93,813	85,918	157,147
\$ 144,020	\$ 17,255	\$ 241,325	\$	334,502	\$ 118,054	\$ 85,918	\$ 157,147

(Continued)

# Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

				S	Specia	al Revenue f	unds	5		
			Ev	/ersource						
		rants and		Energy	С	ommunity				
		Donations		Community		Policing	Blight			Private
		Fund	G	rant Fund		Fund		Fund		Duty
Assets										
Cash	\$	251,413	\$	10,000	\$	195,145	\$	59,520	\$	-
Investments		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:										
Accounts and other		-		-		-		-		51,534
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		460		-		-		-		-
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	251,873	\$	10,000	\$	195,145	\$	59,520	\$	51,534
Liabilities										
Accounts and other payables/due to State	\$	5,071	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		8,068		-		-		-		134,393
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		13,139		-		-		-		134,393
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenues		-		-		-		-		54,246
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		54,246
Fund balances (deficits):										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		238,734		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		10,000		195,145		59,520		-
Unassigned		-		-		=		-		(137,105)
Total fund balances (deficits)		238,734		10,000		195,145		59,520		(137,105)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
of resources and fund balances	•	054.070	•	40.000	Φ.	405.445	Φ.	50.500	•	E4 E64
(deficits)	\$	251,873	\$	10,000	\$	195,145	\$	59,520	\$	51,534

Exhibit B-1

			Special Re	venue	Funds				t Funds		
(	Greenway Trail Fund M		Building aintenance		BRRFOC Fund	Downtown Revitalization		Capital Projects		Underground Gas and Oil Tanks Fund	
\$	_	\$	115,671	\$	129,473	\$	_	\$	249,745	\$	77,625
*	-	•	-	Ψ	-	•	-	•	-	Ψ	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		- -		- -		- -		- 48,812		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	-	\$	115,671	\$	129,473	\$	-	\$	298,557	\$	77,625
\$	7,596	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,821	\$	-
	-		-		79,625		-		-		-
	7,596		-		79,625		-		14,821		-
	_		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		- 115,671		49,848 -		-		283,736		- 77,625
	(7,596)		-		-		-		_		
	(7,596)		115,671		49,848		-		283,736		77,625

(Continued)

Exhibit B-1

# Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Capital Projects Funds										
	Building	_	Ri	mmon Road	0,			Emergency			
	Improvem Fund	nent Building Fund	Ir	nprovement Fund	Performance Project	FEMA	Co	Service mmunications	Debt Service		Totals
Assets	T dild	runa		1 una	1 10,000	1 2.007		- Innumodione	2011100		Totalo
Cash	\$	- \$ 413,855	5 \$	42,201	\$ 2,214,849	\$ 62,266	\$	1,313,580	\$ 1,069,650	\$	7,156,075
Investments				-	-	-		-	-		130,515
Receivables:											
Accounts and other				154,351	-	-		-	-		205,885
Due from other governments				-	-	-		-	-		135,218
Due from other funds				-	-	-		-	1,041,379		1,096,110
Inventory				-	-	-		-	-		10,346
Total assets	\$	- \$ 413,855	\$	196,552	\$ 2,214,849	\$ 62,266	\$	1,313,580	\$ 2,111,029	\$	8,734,149
Liabilities											
Accounts and other payables/											
due to State	\$ 177,99	97 \$ 50,500	\$	-	\$ 1,000,095	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,284,594
Due to other funds				350,000	-	-		-	-		880,176
Unearned revenue				-	-	-		-	-		98,718
Total liabilities	177,99	97 50,500	)	350,000	1,000,095	-		-	-	_	2,263,488
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Unavailable revenues				154,351	-	-		-	-		208,597
Total deferred inflows											
of resources				154,351	-	-		-	-		208,597
Fund balances (deficits):											
Nonspendable				-	-	-		-	-		10,346
Restricted		- 363,355	5	-	1,214,754	62,266		-	-		2,477,018
Committed				-	-	-		1,313,580	2,111,029		4,405,197
Unassigned	(177,99	97) -		(307,799)	-	-		-	-		(630,497)
Total fund balances											
(deficits)	(177,99	97) 363,355	5	(307,799)	1,214,754	62,266		1,313,580	2,111,029	_	6,262,064
Total liabilities, deferred											
inflows of resources and											
fund balances (deficits)	\$	- \$ 413,855	\$	196,552	\$ 2,214,849	\$ 62,266	\$	1,313,580	\$ 2,111,029	\$	8,734,149

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds									
		LOCIP		Open Space	STEAP Grant	Small Cities Fund				
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental	\$	93,419	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 12,565				
Charges for services		-		-	-	-				
Investment income		-		-	-	-				
Other		-		-	-	-				
Total revenues		93,419		-	-	12,565				
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		109,919		3,400	-	12,565				
Public safety		-		-	-	-				
Public works		50,859		-	-	-				
Education		-		-	-	-				
Principal		-		-	-	-				
Interest and other charges		-		-	-	-				
Capital outlay		72,874		-	-	-				
Total expenditures		233,652		3,400	-	12,565				
Revenue over (under)										
expenditures		(140,233)		(3,400)	-	-				
Other financing sources (uses):										
Issuance of bonds		-		-	-	-				
Payment to escrow		-		-	-	-				
Issuance of refunding bonds		-		-	-	-				
Premium		-		-	-	-				
Transfers in		52,914		-	-	-				
Transfers out		-		-	(11,688)	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)		52,914		-	(11,688)	-				
Net change in fund balances (deficits)		(87,319)		(3,400)	(11,688)	-				
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year		113,562		26,833	11,688	-				
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	26,243	\$	23,433	\$ -	\$ -				

Special Revenue Funds

			Special Re	venue	Funds					
HUD mall Cities Grant Fund	all Cities Dog ant Fund Fund		Library Fund	Education Grants Fund			School Lunch Fund	Police Seizure Fund	Streetlight Maintenance	
\$ 20,315 - -	\$	- 6,128 -	\$ - 120,587 4,403	\$	2,021,778 - -	\$	466,486 \$ 377,828	53,654 - 1,639	\$	- - 20
 20,315		6,128	124,990		2,021,778		844,314	- 55,293		20
- -		- 51	16,351 -		- -		- -	- -		- -
- - -		- - -	- 82,577 - -		- 2,021,778 - -		- 919,751 - -	- - - -		- -
 -		- 51	98,928		2,021,778		- 919,751	-		-
 20,315		6,077	26,062				(75,437)	55,293		20
- -		- -	- -		<del>-</del> -		<u>-</u> -	- -		
- - -		- - -	- - 5,458 -		- - -		- - -	- - -		- - -
 20,315		6,077	5,458 31,520				(75,437)	55,293		20
123,705		11,178	209,805		8,144		169,250	30,625		157,127
\$ 144,020	\$	17,255	\$ 241,325	\$	8,144	\$	93,813 \$	85,918	\$	157,147

(Continued)

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds Eversource							
	_	Grants and Donations Fund	Cor	nergy mmunity int Fund		ommunity Policing Fund		Blight Fund
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	6,952	\$	-	\$	9,680	\$	-
Charges for services		159,457		-		-		-
Investment income		-		-		49		-
Other		107,290		-		-		25,250
Total revenues		273,699		-		9,729		25,250
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		219,392		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		21,048		10,505
Public works		28,858		-		, <u>-</u>		, <u>-</u>
Education		-		-		-		-
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest and other charges		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		248,250		-		21,048		10,505
Revenue over (under)								
expenditures		25,449		-		(11,319)		14,745
Other financing sources (uses):								
Issuance of bonds		-		-		-		-
Payment to escrow		-		-		-		-
Issuance of refunding bonds		-		-		-		-
Premium		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances (deficits)		25,449		-		(11,319)		14,745
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year		213,285		10,000		206,464		44,775
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	_\$_	238,734	\$	10,000	\$	195,145	\$	59,520

Special Revenue Funds										Capital Projects Funds			
Private Duty	(	Greenway Trail Fund		lding BRRFOC enance Fund		Downtown Revitalization		Capital Projects		Underground Gas and Oil Tanks Fund			
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,949	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
294,354		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
294,354		-		-		52,949		-		-		-	
						79,625							
263,156		-		-		79,625		-		-		-	
203,130		-		-		-		-		-		9,778	
_		_		_		_		-		-		-	
-		_		-		_		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		8,086		27,243		39,975		-		309,036		-	
263,156		8,086		27,243		119,600		-		309,036		9,778	
31,198		(8,086)		(27,243)		(66,651)				(309,036)		(9,778)	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		26,632		-		-		- 348,812		-	
-		(26,632)		20,032		-		(41,226)		(8,884)		-	
 		(26,632)		26,632				(41,226)	•	339,928			
		(20,032)		20,002				(+1,220)	-	333,320			
31,198		(34,718)		(611)		(66,651)		(41,226)		30,892		(9,778)	
(168,303)		27,122		116,282		116,499		41,226		252,844		87,403	
\$ (137,105)	\$	(7,596)	\$	115,671	\$	49,848	\$	-	\$	283,736	\$	77,625	

(Continued)

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Capital F	Project Funds				
	Building Improvemen	ŭ	Rimmon Road Investment	Energy Performance		Emergency Service	Debt	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Project	FEMA	Communications	Service	Totals
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$ 11,250	\$ -	\$ 758,734	\$ -	\$ 132,827	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,640,609
Charges for services	-	-	-		-	-	-	958,354
Investment income	11,572	629	-	39,744	-	-	2,210	60,266
Other		-	-	-	-	-		132,540
Total revenues	22,822	629	758,734	39,744	132,827		2,210	4,791,769
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	441,252
Public safety	-	-	-	-	18,247	80,000	-	393,007
Public works	-	-	-	-	61,198	-	-	150,693
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,024,106
Principal	-	-					99,000	99,000
Interest and other charges	-	168,168	-	-	-	-	718,683	886,851
Capital outlay	90,139	-	3,920	3,635,055	-	6,420		4,192,748
Total expenditures	90,139	168,168	3,920	3,635,055	79,445	86,420	817,683	9,187,657
Revenue over (under)								
expenditures	(67,317)	(167,539)	754,814	(3,595,311)	53,382	(86,420)	(815,473)	(4,395,888)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Issuance of bonds	_	_	_	_	_	1,060,000	-	1,060,000.00
Payment to escrow	_	_	_	_	_	-	(10,512,199)	(10,512,199)
Issuance of refunding bonds	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	-	10,345,000	10,345,000
Premium	_	_	_	_	_	340,000	700,368	1,040,368
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	8,884	-	498,954	941,654
Transfers out	_	_	_	_		_	-	(88,430)
Total other financing	-							(88, 188)
sources (uses)		-	-	-	8,884	1,400,000	1,032,123	2,786,393
Not abanga in fund								
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	(67,317)	(167,539)	754,814	(3,595,311)	62,266	1,313,580	216,650	(1,609,495)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(110,680)	530,894	(1,062,613)	4,810,065	-	-	1,894,379	7,871,559
_ Jgg 5. Jour								
Fund balance (deficit),	¢ (177.007)	¢ 262 255	¢ (207.700)	¢ 1 211 751	¢ 62.266	¢ 1212 E00	¢ 2 111 020	¢ 6.262.064
end of year	\$ (177,997)	\$ 363,355	\$ (307,799)	\$ 1,214,754	\$ 62,266	\$ 1,313,580	\$ 2,111,029	\$ 6,262,064

# **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others, and include Pension Trusts and Agency Funds.

#### **Private Purpose Trust Funds**

Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for resource legally held in trust for the benefit of individuals, private organizations or other governments. The Town's Private Purpose Trust Funds are listed below:

**Harold K Beach Fund:** to account for funds held for Library purchases of historical works concerning the State of Connecticut and the Naugatuck Valley.

Charles B. Wooster Fund: to account for funds held in trust for the Library operations.

Richard R. Pearson Memorial Fund: to account for funds collected for Seymour veterans.

#### **Agency Funds**

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities). The Town's Agency Fund is listed below:

Student Activities: accounts for the various student activities and clubs.

# Combining Statement of Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2020

		Private Purpose Trust Funds										
	F	larold K.		Charles B.	Ri	chard R.						
		Beach		Wooster	F	Pearson						
		Fund		Fund	Mem	norial Fund		Totals				
Assets												
Cash	\$	5,458	\$	26,748	\$	2,965	\$	35,171				
Investments		-		1,565,091		-		1,565,091				
Total assets		5,458		1,591,839		2,965		1,600,262				
Liabilities												
Due to other funds		5,458		-		-		5,458				
Total liabilities		5,458		-		-		5,458				
Net position held in trust	\$	-	\$	1,591,839	\$	2,965	\$	1,594,804				

# Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Harold K.	Charles B.		Richard R.		
	Beach	Wooster		Pearson		
	Fund	Fund	1	Memorial Fund		Totals
Additions:						
Interest and dividends	\$ -	\$ 78,462	\$	-	\$	78,462
Other	 -	-		5,155		5,155
Net additions	-	78,462		5,155		83,617
Deductions:						
Education	-	89,068		-		89,068
General government	-	-		3,200		3,200
Total deductions	-	89,068		3,200		92,268
Change in net position before transfer out	-	(10,606)		1,955		(8,651)
Transfer out	5,458	-		-		5,458
Change in net position	(5,458)	(10,606)		1,955		(14,109)
Net position, beginning of year	 5,458	1,602,445		1,010		1,608,913
Net position, end of year	\$ -	\$ 1,591,839	\$	2,965	\$	1,594,804

Exhibit C-3

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Balance				Balance		
	July 1, 2019			Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2020		
Student Activity Fund								
Assets								
Cash	\$	132,848	\$	343,855	\$ 323,820	\$	152,883	
Total assets	\$	132,848	\$	343,855	\$ 323,820	\$	152,883	
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	132,848	\$	343,855	\$ 323,820	\$	152,883	
Total liabilities	\$	132,848	\$	343,855	\$ 323,820	\$	152,883	

**Town of Seymour, Connecticut** 

# Report of Tax Collector For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Lawful Co	orre	ections		
Grand List Year	ncollected Taxes uly 1, 2020	Current Levy	Additions		Deletions	nsfers to ispense	Adjusted Amount Collectible
2004	\$ 18,009	\$ -	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 18,009
2005	12,319	-	-		-	43	12,276
2006	15,675	-	-		-	1,552	14,123
2007	15,487	-	-		-	1,651	13,836
2008	10,908	-	-		-	481	10,427
2009	16,522	-	-		-	1,339	15,183
2010	17,896	-	-		-	1,339	16,557
2011	32,435	-	-		-	1,356	31,079
2012	31,434	-	-		245	1,025	30,164
2013	51,794	-	-		-	1,221	50,573
2014	86,155	-	-		-	1,386	84,769
2015	128,089	-	773		835	2,203	125,824
2016	263,435	-	36,982		27,695	4,268	268,454
2017	657,085	-	46,228		46,719	7,785	648,809
Total Prior Years	1,357,243	-	83,983		75,494	25,649	1,340,083
2018	 -	44,240,494	77,902		217,639	15,975	44,084,782
	\$ 1,357,243	\$ 44,240,494	\$ 161,885	\$	293,133	\$ 41,624	\$ 45,424,865

# Exhibit D-1

	Collections						
Taxes	Interest and Lien Fees	Total	•	Unpaid Refunds	Balance Uncollected June 30, 2020		
\$ 872	\$ 896	\$ 1,768	\$	-	\$	17,137	
137	414	551		-		12,139	
177	488	665		-		13,946	
222	568	790		-		13,614	
55	129	184		-		10,372	
506	902	1,408		-		14,677	
629	1,152	1,781		-		15,928	
1,418	2,257	3,675		-		29,661	
1,216	1,719	2,935		-		28,948	
1,862	4,405	6,267		-		48,711	
10,994	8,769	19,763		-		73,775	
37,373	20,181	57,554		_		88,451	
136,342	51,615	187,957		695		131,417	
383,270	82,814	466,084		7,223		258,316	
575,073	176,309	751,382		7,918		757,092	
43,405,363	142,225	43,547,588		1,074		678,345	
\$ 43,980,436	\$ 318,534	\$ 44.298.970	\$	8,992	\$	1,435,437	



# Statistical Section - Unaudited

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

**Financial trends** information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.

**Revenue capacity** information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).

**Debt capacity** information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.

**Demographic and economic information** is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.

**Operating information** is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

# Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited* (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	38,478,505	\$ 52,434,673	\$ 49,963,287	\$ 57,321,414
Restricted		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Unrestricted		2,000,835	1,868,095	2,453,530	(2,560,828)
Total governmental activities	·				
net position		40,480,340	54,303,768	52,417,817	54,761,586
Business-type activities:					
Net investment in capital assets		7,493,723	7,763,588	7,510,142	7,256,192
Restricted		-	-	-	-
Unrestricted		854,393	953,793	1,149,123	1,273,837
Total business-type activities					
net position		8,348,116	8,717,381	8,659,265	8,530,029
Primary government:					
Net investment in capital assets		45,972,228	60,198,261	57,473,429	64,577,606
Restricted		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Unrestricted		2,855,228	2,821,888	3,602,653	(1,286,991)
Total primary government					
net position	\$	48,828,456	\$ 63,021,149	\$ 61,077,082	\$ 63,291,615

Table 1

Fiscal `	Year
----------	------

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 62,197,985 1,000 (12,915,975)	\$ 58,219,654 - (7,412,603)	\$ 55,869,110 - (5,322,799)	\$ 55,859,612 1,338,695 (39,081,180)	\$ 54,911,714 406,019 (47,055,919)	\$ 50,622,749 238,601 (51,274,334)
49,283,010	50,807,051	50,546,311	18,117,127	8,261,814	(412,984)
6,841,338	6,396,564	5,987,971 -	4,810,956	4,995,755	4,810,956
1,446,211 8,287,549	1,826,291 8,222,855	2,357,706 8,345,677	2,463,495 7,274,451	2,396,365 7,392,120	2,463,495 7,274,451
69,039,323 1,000 (11,469,764)	64,616,218 - (5,586,312)	61,857,081 - (2,965,093)	60,670,568 1,338,695 (36,828,431)	59,907,469 406,019 (44,659,554)	55,433,705 238,601 (48,810,839)
\$ 57,570,559	\$ 59,029,906	\$ 58,891,988	\$ 25,391,578	\$ 15,653,934	\$ 6,861,467

**Town of Seymour, Connecticut** 

# Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years - unaudited (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fisca	al Yea	r	
	2011	2012		2013	2014
Expenses:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 3,262,683	\$ 3,212,595	\$	3,496,359	\$ 3,486,981
Education	36,604,217	38,517,530		37,366,413	40,937,310
Public safety	6,884,401	7,149,115		7,418,542	8,072,815
Sanitation	1,232,394	1,254,771		1,253,537	1,271,893
Public works	3,953,978	4,837,758		4,100,306	4,182,171
Recreation, arts and cultural	2,406,095	2,428,925		2,638,434	2,704,796
Interest on debt	 1,765,127	1,453,677		1,479,775	1,601,667
Total governmental					
activities expenses	 56,108,895	58,854,371		57,753,366	62,257,633
Business-type activities:					
Water Pollution Control Authority	2,019,950	1,975,932		1,883,814	1,916,033
Total business-type	 ,,	,,		,,-	
activities expenses	 2,019,950	1,975,932		1,883,814	1,916,033
Total primary government					
expenses	 58,128,845	60,830,303		59,637,180	64,173,666
Program revenue:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	602,400	785,909		712,525	491,837
Education	1,152,045	660,423		618,268	645,753
Public safety	47,128	36,695		69,383	92,630
Sanitation	18,900	21,359		18,442	-
Public works	478,103	316,164		480,613	399,291
Recreation, arts and cultural	8,470	3,680		23,511	-
Project activities:					
Operating grants and contributions	14,547,813	31,885,437		19,259,974	17,873,293
Capital grants and contributions	481,261	117,907		187,538	172,057
Total governmental activities		·		·	
program revenue	 17,336,120	33,827,574		21,370,254	19,674,861

Table 2

Fiscal Year

		Fisca	al Year	r		
2015	2016	2017		2018	2019	2020
\$ 3,262,778	\$ 3,721,928	\$ 4,929,550	\$	4,634,906	\$ 5,223,581	\$ 4,877,645
40,948,360	42,382,760	44,019,109		45,883,561	47,955,481	49,528,161
10,198,076	7,822,574	7,206,132		9,975,081	11,224,520	11,940,677
1,216,348	1,070,523	1,284,965		1,338,666	1,499,158	1,408,112
5,001,254	8,209,668	5,635,329		7,539,214	6,957,400	5,737,142
2,653,140	2,735,696	2,865,551		1,057,717	1,101,761	1,056,727
1,097,273	1,090,823	1,671,853		1,439,037	1,192,494	1,895,241
64,377,229	67,033,972	67,612,489		71,868,182	75,154,395	76,443,705
2,126,247	2,003,639	1,885,395		2,615,147	2,348,703	2,332,215
2,126,247	2,003,639	1,885,395		2,615,147	2,348,703	2,332,215
66,503,476	69,037,611	69,497,884		74,483,329	77,503,098	78,775,920
542,214	577,333	493,404		517,065	770,388	768,098
567,948	563,242	576,815		570,978	507,309	377,828
528,754	811,596	609,794		1,100,546	876,581	371,598
- 108,897	- 1,220	- 745,993		- 675,141	- 562,152	- 165,909
-	-	-		-	-	43,349
18,213,129	17,377,646	20,837,024		19,164,670	16,266,743	20,894,972
 676,082	2,027,554	132,446		1,790,004	1,859,068	240,684
20,637,024	21,358,591	23,395,476		23,818,404	20,842,241	22,862,438

(Continued)

**Town of Seymour, Connecticut** 

# Changes in Net Position, Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited* (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fiscal Year								
		2011		2012		2013		2014		
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water Pollution Control Authority	\$	1,299,865	\$	1,631,837	\$	1,545,668	\$	1,514,981		
Total business-type activities	<u> </u>									
program revenues		1,299,865		1,631,837		1,545,668		1,514,981		
Total primary government										
program revenues	_	18,635,985		35,459,411		22,915,922		21,189,842		
Net (expense) revenue:										
Governmental activities		(38,772,775)		(25,026,797)		(36,383,112)		(42,582,772)		
Business-type activities		(720,085)		(344,095)		(338,146)		(401,052)		
Total primary government										
net expense		(39,492,860)		(25,370,892)		(36,721,258)		(42,983,824)		
General revenues and other changes										
in net position:										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes		37,930,455		38,587,563		39,600,518		40,669,725		
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific programs		818,451		955,620		935,210		614,771		
Unrestricted investment earnings		53,967		19,450		53,475		94,200		
Transfers and other		(762,549)		(712,408)		(279,974)		(271,596)		
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		
Total governmental activities		38,040,324		38,850,225		40,309,229		41,107,100		
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings		642		952		56		220		
Transfers and other		812,549		712,408		279,974		271,596		
Total business-type activities		813,191		713,360		280,030		271,816		
Total primary government		38,853,515		39,563,585		40,589,259		41,378,916		
Changes in net position:										
Governmental activities		(732,451)		13,823,428		3,926,117		(1,475,672)		
Business-type activities		93,106		369,265		(58,116)		(129,236)		
Total primary government	\$	(639,345)	\$	14,192,693	\$	3,868,001	\$	(1,604,908)		

Table 2, Cont'd.

Fiscal Year									
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020				
\$ 1,883,588 \$	1,938,604 \$	2,007,512 \$	2,046,088	1,940,926 \$	2,193,601				
1,883,588	1,938,604	2,007,512	2,046,088	1,940,926	2,193,601				
22,520,612	23,297,195	25,402,988	25,864,492	1,940,926	2,193,601				
(43,740,205)	(45,675,381)	(44,217,013)	(48,049,778)	(54,312,154)	(53,581,267)				
(242,659)	(65,035)	122,117	(569,059)	(407,777)	(138,614)				
(43,982,864)	(45,740,416)	(44,094,896)	(48,618,837)	(54,719,931)	(53,719,881)				
42,378,541	42,796,014	43,113,621	43,627,199	43,839,583	44,459,717				
642,756	449,079	801,178	201,268	120,176	73,845				
38,631	14,178	41,474	138,235	196,957	152,950				
<del>-</del>	-	-	- 400,436	- 300,125	- 219,957				
 43,059,928	43,259,271	43,956,273	44,367,138	44,456,841	44,906,469				
179	341	705	3,536	19,743	13,985				
-	-	-	-	-	6,960				
179	341	705	3,536	19,743	20,945				
43,060,107	43,259,612	43,956,978	44,370,674	44,476,584	44,927,414				
(680,277)	(2,416,110)	(260,740)	(3,682,640)	(9,855,313)	(8,674,798)				
(242,480)	(64,694)	122,822	(565,523)	(388,034)	(117,669)				
\$ (922,757) \$	(2,480,804) \$	(137,918) \$	(4,248,163)	(10,243,347) \$	(8,792,467)				

### Fund Balances (Deficits), Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited* (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2011		2012		2013		2014
General fund:								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Assigned		520,594		434,196		951,965		458,652
Unassigned		2,528,999		3,977,834		4,391,954		4,611,302
Reserved		=		=		=		-
Unreserved, designated		-		=		-		-
Total general fund	\$	3,049,593	\$	4,412,030	\$	5,343,919	\$	5,069,954
All other governmental funds:								
Nonspendable	\$	21,099	\$	11,717	\$	15,015	\$	15,641
Restricted		536,072		612,056		675,545		1,064,121
Committed		290,406		379,890		337,804		376,574
Unassigned		(835,856)		(1,339,873)		(2,032,249)		(936,007)
Unreserved, reported in:								
Capital projects funds		(1,663,322)		(1,715,948)		(2,366,124)		-
Total all other								
governmental fund	\$	(1,651,601)	\$	(2,052,158)	\$	(3,370,009)	\$	520,329

Note: Information for years prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 has not been restated.

Table 3

Fiscal	V

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	929,950
Ψ	552,768	Ψ	953,421	Ψ	1,530,654	Ψ	871,265	Ψ	578,443	*	632,128
	4,674,011		5,116,694		5,649,655		1,727,644		2,255,635		1,083,439
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	=		-		=		-		=		-
\$	5,226,779	\$	6,070,115	\$	7,180,309	\$	2,598,909	\$	2,834,078	\$	2,645,517
\$	12,117	\$	14,188	\$	8,499	\$	10,651	\$	10,344	\$	10,346
	765,053		1,694,147		7,521,750		5,360,522		8,572,920		7,576,339
	3,963,138		804,383		639,696		770,263		1,069,999		4,405,197
	(1,414,021)		(1,580,711)		(619,581)		(68,994)		(1,341,596)		(630,497)
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	3,326,287	\$	932,007	\$	7,550,364	\$	6,072,442	\$	8,311,667	\$	11,361,385

### Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited* (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
		2011	2012	2013	2014	
Revenues:						
Property taxes, interest and liens	\$	36,683,224 \$	38,214,375	\$ 39,416,217 \$	40,127,961	
Special assessments		-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental		15,852,239	32,957,905	20,323,930	18,426,191	
Interest and lien fees		226,867	257,818	403,948	339,840	
Permits, fees and other		1,192,981	1,413,066	1,170,081	1,792,599	
Charges for services		-	-	-	-	
Interest		87,741	41,456	48,261	94,200	
Other revenues	<u></u>	955,416	769,600	1,046,612	315,509	
Total revenues		54,998,468	73,654,220	62,409,049	61,096,300	
Expenditures:						
General government		2,684,857	2,983,014	3,386,245	3,128,125	
Public safety		6,233,927	6,461,630	6,750,945	6,909,853	
Public works		2,943,768	3,061,261	3,381,070	3,102,918	
Sanitation		1,220,125	1,248,505	1,249,305	1,254,272	
Sundry		2,342,795	2,577,920	2,638,434	2,623,022	
Board of education		34,379,601	35,948,785	35,706,442	38,235,510	
Principal payments		4,165,035	4,274,452	4,676,033	5,181,212	
Interest expense		, , -	-	-	-	
Capital outlay		9,513,704	18,327,149	6,084,871	713,661	
Total expenditures		63,483,812	74,882,716	63,873,345	61,148,573	
Excess of revenues						
(under) expenditures		(8,485,344)	(1,228,496)	(1,464,296)	(52,273)	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of note payable		6,000,000	5,995,000	1,150,000	-	
Issuance of bonds		-	-	-	3,710,000	
Refunding bond issuance		12,145,000	3,215,000	-	-	
Bond premiums		1,353,777	426,313	-	230,242	
Payments to refunding bond						
escrow agent		(13,240,358)	(3,359,860)	-	-	
Capital lease issuance		- -	-	208,308	-	
Transfers in		-	59,847	337,619	236,753	
Transfers out		(812,549)	(772,255)	(617,593)	(508,349)	
Total other financing		, ,	, ,	,	· · · · · ·	
sources (uses)		5,445,870	5,564,045	1,078,334	3,668,646	
Net changes in						
fund balance	\$	(3,039,474) \$	4,335,549	\$ (385,962) \$	3,616,373	
Debt service as a percentage of						
noncapital expenditures		8.36%	8.18%	8.80%	9.38%	

Table 4

Fiscal Year									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
\$	41,703,296 \$	42,849,313 \$	43,326,698 \$	43,512,335 \$	43,850,072 \$	44,004,314			
	- 18,292,154	- 20,114,186	- 21,484,225	- 21,459,353	- 17,130,908	- 19,758,194			
	365,893	480,074	389,490	354,119	322,759	304,319			
	2,069,208	2,736,954	2,384,529	2,765,452	2,599,071	1,939,033			
	38,631	14,178	41,474	138,235	196,957	152,950			
	899,281	495,813	335,207	775,991	592,586	269,460			
	63,368,463	66,690,518	67,961,623	69,005,485	64,692,353	66,428,270			
	3,141,297	3,531,596	4,686,654	3,664,590	3,877,721	4,007,921			
	7,838,079	7,682,274	7,772,371	8,413,284	8,270,780	8,224,167			
	4,357,116	7,586,860	4,799,504	5,363,298	4,949,404	3,596,802			
	1,207,426	1,052,921	1,272,323	1,273,950	1,381,163	1,326,492			
	2,573,866	2,671,869	2,801,316	4,837,459	3,036,748	3,039,378			
	39,297,473	39,547,772	41,412,528	42,900,816	39,357,028	41,640,252			
	4,179,900	4,179,900	=	2,820,000	1,960,382	2,348,497			
	1,360,834	1,183,178	4,768,689	1,628,395	1,491,058	1,943,971			
	686,929	3,128,028	780,338	3,370,058	9,299,858	4,378,260			
	64,642,920	70,564,398	68,293,723	74,271,850	73,624,142	70,505,740			
	(1,274,457)	(3,873,880)	(332,100)	(5,266,365)	(8,931,789)	(4,077,470)			
	- 4,153,000	- 2,008,000	- 7,285,000	- 10,430,000	- 495,000	6,060,000			
	5,270,000	2,000,000	7,205,000	10,430,000	493,000	10,345,000			
	546,888	314,936	1,543,608	322,833	_	10,545,000			
	040,000	014,000	1,040,000	022,000					
	(5,732,649)	-	(7,992,957)	(9,964,135)	-	(10,512,199)			
	-	-	-	496,250	8,807,016	1,040,368			
	383,642	887,858	1,176,086	3,451,793	1,180,388	1,116,654			
	(383,642)	(887,858)	(1,176,086)	(3,451,793)	(1,180,388)	(1,111,196)			
	4,237,239	2,322,936	8,060,651	1,284,948	9,302,016	6,938,627			
\$	2,962,782 \$	(1,550,944) \$	7,728,551 \$	(3,981,417) \$	370,227 \$	2,861,157			
	9.49%	8.64%	7.60%	6.28%	5.32%	6.49%			

Table 5

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years - unaudited (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) in thousands (000)

Fiscal		Personal							
Year	ı	Real Estate		Property Motor Vehicle				Total	
2011	\$	1,217,850	\$	60,655	\$	102,373	\$	1,380,878	
2012		1,029,248		58,711		105,628		1,193,587	
2013		1,037,417		62,912		106,542		1,206,871	
2014		1,059,251		51,068		108,841		1,219,160	
2015		1,030,683		75,416		111,109		1,217,208	
2016		1,033,756		56,275		114,998		1,205,029	
2017		1,028,745		78,287		114,985		1,222,017	
2018		1,034,642		55,572		114,186		1,204,400	
2019		1,013,738		81,861		120,061		1,215,660	
2020		1,053,422		83,165		123,487		1,260,074	
Change									
2011-2020		-14.98%	)	28.15%	ı	18.75%		-8.83%	

Source: Town records.

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**Town of Seymour, Connecticut** 

### Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited* in thousands (000)

SS	
Exemptions	
27,699)	
27,549)	
24,691)	
24,391)	
22,886)	
22,423)	
28,139)	
30,250)	
27,977)	
38,722)	
()()()()()	

Source: Town Records

Note: The above information presents the information for each period for which it is levied. A tax levy provides taxes remitted in the following year. There are no overlapping governments that collect property taxes from Town residents.

Table 6

Т	otal Taxable				Estimated	Value as a		
	Assessed	Percent	General Fund		Actual	Percentage of		
	Value	Growth	Mill Rate		Value	Actual Value		
\$	1,380,878	0.70%	26.78	\$	1,975,556	0.70		
Ф				φ				
	1,193,587	-13.56%	27.62		1,707,999	0.70		
	1,206,871	1.11%	32.83		1,726,977	0.70		
	1,219,160	1.02%	33.23		1,744,534	0.70		
	1,232,030	1.06%	34.04		1,762,921	0.70		
	1,200,957	-2.52%	36.00		1,715,653	0.70		
	1,206,111	0.43%	36.00		1,723,016	0.70		
	1,204,401	-0.14%	36.00		1,720,573	0.70		
	1,215,660	0.93%	36.00		1,736,657	0.70		
	1,221,352	0.47%	36.00		1,744,789	0.70		

**Town of Seymour, Connecticut** 

Table 7

### Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago - *unaudited*

		2020			2011	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total Town			of Total Town
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	 Value	Rank	Value
Basement Systems, Inc.	\$ 14,739,970	1	1.21%	\$ 4,649,030	8	0.24%
The Kerite Company	13,224,990	2	1.08%	5,728,530	5	0.29%
Eversource (formerly Connecticut Light & Power)	12,502,730	3	1.02%	7,811,350	1	0.40%
Thule Inc.	6,531,910	4	0.53%	5,404,800	7	0.28%
Stop and Shop (LCP Supermarkets LLC)	5,897,500	5	0.48%	5,980,030	4	0.30%
Klarides Family Assoc LLC	5,569,690	6	0.46%	6,941,480	3	0.35%
Aquarion Water Co. of CT	5,255,990	7	0.43%	3,516,520	9	0.18%
Microboard Processing, Inc.	4,524,800	8	0.37%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Shady Knoll Health Care Center	4,056,500	9	0.33%	5,466,540	6	0.28%
RAF Electronic Hardware	3,202,830	10	0.26%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Rafferty Realty Co. Inc.	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,188,360	10	n/a
Baker Residential Limited Partnership	 n/a	n/a	n/a	 7,231,210	2	0.37%
Total	\$ 75,506,910	: :	6.17%	\$ 55,917,850	: :	2.69%

Source: Town Records

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**Town of Seymour, Connecticut** 

#### Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited*

Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

			riscai reai u	i tile Levy
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Grand List Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	\$ 35,092,415 36,643,424 38,213,590 39,328,024 40,246,048 41,749,076 42,904,502 43,310,858 43,591,294 43,864,320	\$ 34,390,567 35,947,199 37,372,891 38,541,464 39,448,261 40,914,919 42,175,008 43,231,695 42,751,361 43,092,897	98.00% 98.10% 98.79% 98.00% 98.02% 98.00% 98.30% 99.82% 98.07% 98.24%
2020	2018	44,084,782	43,405,363	98.46%

Source: Town Tax Records

Note: The above information presents the information for each period for which it is levied. A tax levy provides taxes remitted in the following year.

Table 8

		Total Collections to Date					
Co	ollections in						
S	ubsequent		Percentage				
	Years	Amount of Levy					
\$	690,089	\$ 35,080,656	99.97%				
	677,713	36,624,912	99.95%				
	817,756	38,190,647	99.94%				
	743,060	39,284,524	99.89%				
	741,311	40,189,572	99.86%				
	704,355	41,619,274	99.69%				
	449,906	42,624,914	99.35%				
	697,376	43,231,695	99.82%				
	664,794	43,416,155	99.60%				
	652,576	43,745,473	99.73%				
	-	43,405,363	98.46%				

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited* (*Unaudited*)

		E	General Bonded Debt					Total Primary	Ratio of Total Net Outstanding	Ratio of Total Net Outstanding	
	General		School	Sewer				Government	Debt to	Debt to	
Fiscal	Purpose		Purpose	Purpose		Notes	Capital	Outstanding	Personal	Taxable	Per
Year	Bonds		Bonds	Bonds	Premiums	Payable	Leases	Debt	Income <sup>(1)</sup>	Grand List	Capita
2011	\$ 3,583,150	\$	17,566,998	\$ 7,059,681	\$ 1,277,521	\$ -	\$ 125,894	\$ 29,613,244	45550.428%	1.499%	\$ 1,790
2012	5,518,854		28,813,025	5,013,121	1,542,551	-	-	40,887,551	62892.314%	2.394%	2,472
2013	5,169,877		27,961,711	4,645,008	1,367,036	-	164,698	39,308,330	42564.515%	2.276%	2,377
2014	3,996,195		27,579,348	4,604,457	1,360,795	1,190,000	125,209	38,856,004	42074.720%	2.227%	2,349
2015	6,043,585		27,715,968	3,620,447	1,608,060	855,000	84,622	39,927,682	43235.173%	2.265%	2,414
2016	7,618,351		24,696,889	2,940,760	1,611,015	525,000	-	37,392,015	40489.459%	2.179%	2,261
2017	14,929,344		22,207,003	2,269,653	2,801,606	420,000	-	42,627,606	46158.750%	2.474%	2,577
2018	14,261,175		20,996,625	2,077,200	2,812,885	315,000	496,250	40,959,135	44352.068%	2.381%	2,476
2019	13,901,017		20,203,249	1,825,734	2,491,700	210,000	18,068,209	56,699,909	61396.761%	3.265%	3,428
2020	19,417,517		19,450,152	1,683,331	3,320,260	105,000	8,997,307	52,973,567	74672.710%	3.036%	3,206

<sup>(1)</sup> See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt may be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

### Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited* (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds (1)	A	s: Amounts vailable in ervice Fund (2)		Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (3)	Per Capita (4)
	2000 (1)	20010	o	i vico i una (2)			σαριια ( ι )
2011	\$ 36,833,256	\$	-	\$	36,833,256	1864.450%	\$ 2,227
2012	40,407,616		-		40,407,616	2365.787%	2,443
2013	37,288,786		-		37,288,786	2159.194%	2,254
2014	37,825,795		-		37,825,795	2168.246%	2,287
2015	38,066,060		-		38,066,060	2159.260%	2,301
2016	36,391,015		-		36,391,015	2121.118%	2,200
2017	41,731,606		-		41,731,606	2422.009%	2,523
2018	40,147,885		2,300,079		37,847,806	2199.721%	2,288
2019	38,421,700		1,803,273		36,618,427	2108.558%	2,214
2020	43,871,260		1,069,650		42,801,610	2453.112%	2,591

<sup>(1)</sup> This is the general bonded debt of both governmental and business-type activities, net of original issuance discounts and premiums

<sup>(2)</sup> This is the amount committed for debt service principal payments

<sup>(3)</sup> See the Schedule of Assessed Value and the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 112 for property value data

<sup>(4)</sup> Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 124

Table 11

#### Direct Governmental Activities Debt For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 - *unaudited*

		Debt
Governmental Unit	0	utstanding
Bonds, BANS and notes, net premiums Capital leases	\$	43,976,260 8,997,307
Total direct debt	\$	52,973,567

Sources: Town Records

Note: The Town is not subject to the debt of overlapping governments.

Note: School construction grants are receivable in substantially equal installments over the

life of outstanding school bonds, obtained from the Office of Policy and Management,

State of Connecticut.

### Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited* (dollars in thousands)

				Fisca	al Yea	rs		
	-	2011		2012		2013		2014
General Debt								
Debt limit	\$	82,940,211	\$	86,361,145	\$	89,213,472	\$	91,311,426
Total net debt applicable to limit		3,842,739		5,778,443		5,429,466		15,833,155
Legal debt margin	\$	79,097,472	\$	80,582,702	\$	83,784,006	\$	75,478,271
Total net debt applicable to the limit as percentage of debt limit		4.63%	, 0	6.69%	ó	6.09%	, D	17.34%
Schools								
Debt limit	\$	165,880,422	\$	172,722,290	\$	178,426,944	\$	182,622,852
Total net debt applicable to limit		52,476,440		53,459,379		70,376,153		19,387,574
Legal debt margin	\$	113,403,982	\$	119,262,911	\$	108,050,791	\$	163,235,278
Total net debt applicable to the limit as percentage of debt limit		31.64%	, o	30.95%	, o	39.44%	, D	10.62%
Sewers								
Debt limit	\$	138,233,685	\$	143,935,241	\$	148,689,120	\$	152,185,710
Total net debt applicable to limit		15,006,830		5,165,099		4,796,986		5,566,838
Legal debt margin	\$	123,226,855	\$	138,770,142	\$	143,892,134	\$	146,618,872
Total net debt applicable to the limit as percentage of debt limit		10.86%	, 0	3.59%	ó	3.23%	, D	3.66%
Urban Renewal								
Debt limit	\$	119,802,527	\$	124,743,876	\$	128,863,904	\$	131,894,282
Total net debt applicable to limit		-		-		-		-
Legal debt margin	\$	119,802,527	\$	124,743,876	\$	128,863,904	\$	-
Total net debt applicable to the limit as percentage of debt limit		0.00%	, D	0.00%	, o	0.00%	, D	0.00%
Pension Funding								
Debt limit	\$	110,586,948	\$	115,148,193	\$	118,951,296	\$	121,748,568
Total net debt applicable to limit		-		-		-		-
Legal debt margin	\$	110,586,948	\$	115,148,193	\$	118,951,296	\$	-
Total net debt applicable to the limit as percentage of debt limit		0.00%	, D	0.00%	ó	0.00%	, D	0.00%
Total								
Debt limit	\$	617,443,793	\$	642,910,745	\$	664,144,736	\$	679,762,838
Total net debt applicable to limit		71,326,009		64,402,921		80,602,605		40,787,567
Legal debt margin	\$	546,117,784	\$	578,507,824	\$	583,542,131	\$	638,975,271
Total net debt applicable to the limit as percentage of debt limit		11.55%	, o	10.02%	<u> </u>	12.14%	, D	6.00%

Table 12

	Fiscal Years											
	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	
\$	94,843,233 6,168,585	\$	97,811,937 7,618,351	\$	98,444,311 15,594,344	\$	98,489,655 14,506,175	\$	98,489,655 23,407,210	\$	99,388,870 28,754,824	
\$	88,674,648	\$	90,193,586	\$	82,849,967	\$	83,983,480	\$	121,896,865	\$	128,143,694	
	6.50%	,	7.79%	1	15.84%	)	14.73%	)	23.77%	)	28.93%	
\$	189,686,466 28,641,557	\$	195,623,874 25,221,929	\$	196,888,622 22,207,043	\$	196,979,310 21,311,665	\$	196,979,310 20,413,289	\$	198,777,740 19,555,152	
\$	161,044,909	\$	170,401,945	\$	174,681,579	\$	175,667,645	\$	217,392,599	\$	218,332,892	
	15.10%	•	12.89%	•	11.28%	•	10.82%	•	10.36%	•	9.84%	
\$	158,072,055 3,772,425	\$	163,019,895 3,092,738	\$	164,073,851 2,681,220	\$	164,149,425 2,229,178	\$	164,149,425 1,977,712	\$	165,648,116 1,683,331	
\$	154,299,630	\$	159,927,157	\$	161,392,631	\$	161,920,247	\$	166,127,137	\$	167,331,447	
	2.39%	•	1.90%	1	1.63%	•	1.36%	•	1.20%	•	1.02%	
\$	136,995,781 -	\$	141,283,909 -	\$	142,197,338 -	\$	142,262,835 -	\$	142,262,835 -	\$	143,561,701 -	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	142,262,835	\$	142,262,835	\$	143,561,701	
	0.00%	•	0.00%	1	0.00%	•	0.00%	•	0.00%	)	0.00%	
\$	126,457,644 -	\$	130,415,916 -	\$	131,259,081 -	\$	131,319,540 -	\$	131,319,540 -	\$	132,518,493 -	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	131,319,540	\$	131,319,540	\$	132,518,493	
	0.00%	,	0.00%	)	0.00%	•	0.00%	•	0.00%	0.00%		
\$	706,055,179 38,582,567 667,472,612	\$	728,155,531 35,933,018 692,222,513	\$	732,863,202 40,482,607 692,380,595	\$	733,200,765 38,047,018 695,153,747	\$	733,200,765 45,798,211 687,402,554	\$	739,894,919 49,993,307 689,901,612	
ψ	001,412,012	ψ	032,222,013	φ	092,000,090	φ	030,100,747	φ	007,402,004	φ	009,901,012	
	5.46%	,	4.93%	)	5.52%	)	5.19%	,	6.25%	)	6.76%	

of indebtedness

# Computation of Legal Debt Limitation - *unaudited* June 30, 2020

Total tax collections (incl	uding	interest and lie	en fee	es)				
for the year ended Jun	e 30,	2019				\$ 44,172,831		
Reimbursement for reve	nue lo	oss:						
Tax relief for elderly						-		
Base						44,172,831	-	
Debt limit						\$ 309,209,817	=	
							Unf	unded
							Pe	nsion
		General			_	Urban		enefit
	-	Purpose		Schools	Sewer	Renewal	Obli	gation
Debt limitation:								
2-1/4 times base	\$	99,388,870	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
4-1/2 times base		-		198,777,740	-	-		-
3-3/4 times base		-		-	165,648,116	-		-
3-1/4 times base		-		-	-	143,561,701		-
3 times base		-		-	-	-		518,493
Total debt limitation		99,388,870		198,777,740	165,648,116	143,561,701	132,	518,493
Debt as defined by statute:								
Bonds payable		19,417,517		19,450,152	1,683,331	-		-
Notes payable		-		105,000	-	-		-
Capital lease		8,997,307		-	-	-		-
Bonds authorized but								
not issued, issue dates								
not yet established		340,000		-	-	-		-
Total indebtedness		28,754,824		19,555,152	1,683,331	=		-

\$ 70,634,046 \$ 179,222,588 \$ 163,964,785 \$ 143,561,701 \$ 132,518,493

# **Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years -** *unaudited*

Fiscal Year

i cai								
Ended		Personal	Per Capita		Median	Median	School	Unemployment
June 30	Population(1)	Income	Income(1)	Fan	nily Income	Age(1)	Enrollment (2)	Rate (3)
2011	16,540	\$ 65,012	\$ 24,056	\$	52,408	42	2,379	9%
2012	16,540	65,012	24,056		52,408	42	2,289	9%
2013	16,540	92,350	33,466		73,099	42	2,289	8%
2014	16,540	92,350	33,030		73,099	42	2,296	8%
2015	16,540	92,350	33,667		94,331	42	2,274	6%
2016	16,540	92,350	33,917		94,331	42	2,106	7%
2017	16,540	92,350	33,917		97,662	42	2,039	6%
2018	16,540	92,350	33,917		94,270	42	2,168	5%
2019	16,540	92,350	33,917		92,981	41	2,191	3%
2020	16,522	70,941	36,420		97,117	41	2,058	9%

#### Sources:

- (1) Bureau of Census based on census data.
- (2) Office of the Superintendent of Schools
- (3) Connecticut Department of Labor, By Town, not seasonally adjusted.

Table 15

### Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago - *unaudited*

		2020		,	2011	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total City			of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Town of Seymour	436	1	2.64%	440	1	4.79%
Basement Systems	400	2	2.42%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Thule of Sweden	230	3	1.39%	155	5	1.69%
Shady knoll Health Center	220	4	1.33%	135	8	1.69%
RAF Manufacturing Company	147	5	0.89%	159	6	1.69%
Stop & Shop	129	6	0.78%	200	2	2.18%
Microboard Processing, Inc.	125	7	0.76%	170	3	1.85%
Haynes Construction Co.	110	8	0.67%	146	7	1.59%
The Kerite Company	105	9	0.63%	165	4	1.76%
Vernier Metal Fabricating	74	10	0.45%	**	**	**
Seymour Public Schools	-	-	-	93	9	0.91%
Caspari, Inc.	-	-	-	84	10	0.91%

Sources: Town Records 6/30/19 Official statement and the Assessor's office

<sup>\*\*</sup> not available

# Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees By Functions/Programs Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited*

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30 Functions/Program General government Finance Health & Welfare Police Fire Public Works & traffic Education Recreation, arts and cultural Total 

Source: Town Records

Table 16

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

			1 - 7		
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
22	23	22	16	17	18
3	3	3	3	3	3
1	1	1	1	1	1
38	38	39	43	43	42
2	2	2	2	2	2
20	20	20	21	21	21
289	285	285	285	444	444
1	2	3	9	9	9
376	374	375	380	540	540

**Town of Seymour, Connecticut** 

# Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited*

	Calendar Year					
Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014		
General Government						
Land records recorded	4,582	4,116	4,575	4,771		
Vital records recorded	479	528	501	539		
Dog licenses issued	842	835	815	747		
Absentee ballots issued	257	133	384	95		
Police						
Police cars	20	20	20	20		
Calls for service	16,210	15,028	13,638	14,905		
Criminal arrests	779	748	606	658		
Traffic citations issued	814	449	469	515		
Medical emergencies responded to	1,412	1,405	1,352	1,518		
Fire						
Fire calls	**	**	**	**		
Medical calls	**	**	**	**		
Fire alarms	**	**	**	**		
Fire alarms answered	**	**	**	**		
Combined Dispatch						
Emergency calls received	**	**	**	**		
Non-emergency calls received	**	**	**	**		
Public Works						
Lane miles of roadways swept	**	**	**	**		
Tons of solid waste collected and disposed	7,184	**	**	**		
Tons of recyclable materials collected and disposed	**	**	**	6,584		
Recreation, arts and cultural						
Visitors to library	**	**	**	**		
Circulation	**	**	**	**		

Source: Town Records
Note: \*\* - not available

Table 17

Ca	endar	Year

		Caleriua	i i tai		
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
4,387	5,083	4,797	4,768	4,607	3,411
474	476	499	454	491	485
858	803	765	782	774	789
177	200	86	76	309	65
20	21	22	23	22	22
16,477	15,799	18,849	20,952	21,896	17,080
421	412	435	485	393	370
790	872	620	561	384	297
1,514	1,478	1,598	1,587	1,557	1,391
**	**	**	**	**	**
**	**	**	**	**	**
**	**	**	**	**	**
**	**	**	**	**	**
**	**	**	**	**	**
**	**	**	**	**	**
**	**	**	**	**	**
**	**	**	1,111	5,050	7,258
7,724	7,551	6,608	6,623	1,090	752
•	,	•	,	•	
13,000	47,973	47,483	46,105	44,667	29,496
73,571	67,089	63,378	62,287	61,452	46,379

# Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years - *unaudited*

	Fiscal Year								
Function/Program	2011			2012	2013		2014		
Education	\$	69,653,475	\$	86,626,234	\$	91,905,956	\$	92,152,824	
General government		349,004		349,004		447,716		486,873	
Public safety		11,520,897		11,910,346		12,583,141		12,714,891	
Public works		34,717,329		34,939,081		35,270,300		35,526,844	
Sundry		2,806,281		2,874,459		2,888,009		2,984,529	
Total	\$	119,046,986	\$	136,699,124	\$	143,095,122	\$	143,865,961	

Source: Town Records
Note: \*\* Indicator not available

Table 18

Fiscal Year

 1 10001 1 001											
2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	
\$ 91,693,660	\$	93,686,338	\$	93,851,608	\$	93,851,608	\$	97,614,921	\$	101,249,975	
503,373		503,373		585,925		735,967		2,468,586		2,725,376	
12,821,417		12,977,836		13,233,976		13,974,954		14,988,510		15,279,143	
35,683,504		36,392,233		37,029,319		39,108,874		41,284,838		41,341,208	
 3,115,440		3,369,408		3,375,407		3,877,335		3,942,824		4,046,804	
\$ 143,817,394	\$	146,929,188	\$	148,076,235	\$	151,548,738	\$	160,299,679	\$	164,642,506	

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